

A

(20819)

LL.B. - VI Sem.

Printed Pages : 7

Roll No.

14230

LL.B. (Spl.) Examination, August-2019

LAW

Legal Language and Legal Writing Including

Proficiency in General English

(K-6002)

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Note: Attempt all the Sections as per instructions.

नोट : सभी खण्डों के निर्देशानुसार उत्तर दीजिए।

Section-A

खण्ड-अ

(Very Short Answer Questions)

(अति लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न)

Note : Attempt all *five* questions. Each question carries 4 marks. Very short answer is required not exceeding 75 words. $5 \times 4 = 20$

नोट : सभी पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 4 अंकों का है। अधिकतम 75 शब्दों में अति लघु उत्तर अपेक्षित है।

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[P. T. O.]

(2)

1. Convert the following into passive voice.
 - (a) Someone has stolen my books.
 - (b) The stars brightened the sky.
 - (c) M.C. Mehta filed a PIL in the Supreme Court.
 - (d) The Judge delivers the judgement.
2. Convert the following into Indirect speech:
 - (a) The mother said, "The sun rises in the east."
 - (b) You must do as you are told.
 - (c) He said, "Success of democracy depends on freedom of press".
 - (d) He said to me, "wait until I come."
3. Correct the following sentences only in English:
 - (a) What is the last news?
 - (b) He is my oldest son.
 - (c) I have no any friend.
 - (d) He works hardly.
4. Use legal term (one word) for the following:
 - (a) An act punishable by law.
 - (b) An offence punishable by death penalty.
 - (c) Marriage with many husband.
 - (d) An accused tried twice of the same offence.

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5. Write the full expansion of the following abbreviations: 4

- (a) ILR (b) JILI (c) CR.L.J. (d) Vol.

Section-B

खण्ड-ब

(Short Answer Questions)

(लघु उत्तरीय प्रश्न)

Note: Attempt any *two* questions out of the following three questions. Each question carries 10 marks. Short answer is required not exceeding 200 words. 2 × 10 = 20

नोट : निम्नलिखित तीन प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 10 अंकों का है। अधिकतम 200 शब्दों में लघु उत्तर अपेक्षित है।

6. Write a letter to the collector of your district complaining against the use of microphones / DJ or loudspeakers during your examination days. 10

अपने जिले के कलेक्टर को अपनी परीक्षाओं के दिनों में माइक्रोफोन, डीजे और लाउडस्पीकर के प्रयोग की शिकायत करते हुये एक पत्र का प्रारूप तैयार कीजिये।

7. Frame sentences to bring out the meaning of any five of the following: 10

- (i) Hearsay
(ii) Voidable
(iii) Ejectment

(iv) Discharge

(v) Insane

(vi) Bonafide

निम्नलिखित में से किन्हीं पाँच का अर्थ स्पष्ट करने के वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिये।

(i) अनुश्रुति

(ii) शून्यकरणीय

(iii) निष्कासन

(iv) उन्मोचन

(v) विक्षिप्त

(vi) सदभावपूर्वक

8. What is the method of writing a case- comment? Explain.

वाद टिप्पणी लिखने का क्या तरीका है? स्पष्ट कीजिये।

Section-C

खण्ड-स

(Detailed Answer Questions)

(विस्तृत उत्तरीय प्रश्न)

Note: Attempt any *three* questions out of the following five questions. Each question carries 20 marks. Answer is required in detail. 3 × 20 = 60

नोट : निम्नलिखित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 20 अंकों का है। विस्तृत उत्तर अपेक्षित है।

9. Write any one essay from the following: 20

- (i) Uniform Civil Code
- (ii) Right to Information
- (iii) Child labour in India
- (iv) Judicial Activism

निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक पर निबन्ध लिखिये:

- (i) समान नागरिक संहिता
- (ii) सूचना का अधिकार
- (iii) भारत में बाल श्रम
- (iv) न्यायिक सक्रियता

10. Explain the following maxims either in Hindi or in English. 20

- (i) Ubi jus ibi remedium
- (ii) Audi alteram partem
- (iii) Damnum sine injuria
- (iv) Ignorantia facti excusat

निम्नलिखित सूक्तियों की अंग्रेजी या हिन्दी में व्याख्या कीजिये:

- (i) जहाँ क्षति है वहाँ उपचार है।
- (ii) दूसरे पक्ष को भी सुनो
- (iii) बिना क्षति के हानि
- (iv) तथ्यों की अनभिज्ञता क्षम्य है

11. What are precedent in Law? How legal rules are created by precedent? What is the difference between Ratio-Decidendi and obiter dictum? Discuss. 20

विधि में पूर्वनिर्णय का सिद्धान्त क्या है? कैसे पूर्वनिर्णय द्वारा विधि नियमों का सृजन होता है? निर्णयाधार और इतरोक्ति में क्या अंतर है? विवेचना कीजिये।

12. What is proof reading? What is the use of marginal marks and their explanations? Describe. 20

प्रूफ रीडिंग क्या है? सीमान्त अंकन/चिन्ह का क्या उपयोग और स्पष्टीकरण होता है? वर्णन कीजिए।

13. Comprehension: 20

One of the major problems India has to face is that of unemployment. It is a serious problem and cannot be ignored. It has to be remembered that merely giving some kind of occupation to a large number of people does not ultimately increase employment or lessen unemployment. Employment comes from newer and more effective means of wealth production. The whole experience and history of past two hundred years show that it comes through the growth of technological methods. Every country which boasts of full employment today is a country which is technologically advanced. Every country which is not technologically advanced has unemployment or under employment. Therefore, if India is to advance, she must advance in science and

technology. The fact is that our poverty is due to our backwardness in science and technology. If we remedy that backwardness we create not only wealth but also employment.

- (i) Give a suitable title to the above passage.
- (ii) How can employment be increased?
- (iii) What does technological advanced means?
- (iv) What is the reason of our backwardness?
- (v) Summarise the above passage.

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