# Chapter - 18 Wastewater Story

#### **Multiple Choice Questions**

- 1. Which of the following is waste water?
- (a) Water trickling from a damaged tap.
- (b) Water coming out of a shower.
- (c) Water flowing in a river.
- (d) Water coming out of a laundry.

#### Soln:

Answer is (d) Water coming out of a laundry.

# **Explanation:**

Water discharged during after routine works like washing clothes, flushing toilet, cleaning utensils make the water dirty. This water is called as waste water. Water coming out of damaged tap, water coming out of shower and water flowing in a river are not dirty hence water coming out of a laundry is the right answer.

- 2. Sewage is mainly a
- (a) liquid waste.
- (b) solid waste.
- (c) gaseous waste.
- (d) mixture of solid and gas.

#### Soln:

Answer is (a) liquid waste.

# **Explanation:**

Sewage water is the waste water that includes domestic and industrial liquid wastes. It contains various suspended solids and harmful microorganisms.

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- 3. Which of the following is/are products of wastewater treatment?
- (a) Biogas
- (b) Sludge
- (c) Both biogas and sludge
- (d) Aerator

#### Soln:

Answer is (c) Both biogas and sludge

# **Explanation:**

During waste water treatment water is allowed to settle in a large tank which is sloped towards the middle. Solids like faeces settle at the bottom and are removed with a scraper. This is the sludge. A skimmer removes the floatable solids like oil and grease. Water so cleared is called clarified water. The sludge is transferred to a separate tank where it is decomposed by the anaerobic bacteria. The biogas produced in the process can be used as fuel or can be used to produce electricity.

4.	<b>Open</b>	drain	system	is a	breeding	place	for	which	of the	following

- (a) Flies
- (b) Mosquitoes
- (c) Organisms which cause diseases
- (d) All of these

#### Soln:

Answer is (d) All of these

# **Explanation:**

Opening draining system causes problems with the foul smell. Open drainage system are the breeding sources for mosquitos and flies. Open drainage system also helps the growth of disease causing organisms.

# 5. Water polluted by various human activities causes a number of water borne diseases. Which of the MMM. GKE, following is not a water borne disease?

- (a) Cholera
- (b) Typhoid
- (c) Asthma
- (d) Dysentry

Soln:

Answer is (c) Asthma

# **Explanation:**

Asthma is air borne disease whereas Cholera, Typhoid and dysentery are spread by contaminated water and food.

# 6. Pick from the following one chemical used to disinfect water.

- (a) Chlorine
- (b) Washing soda
- (c) Silica
- (d) Coal

#### Soln:

Answer is (a) Chlorine

# **Explanation:**

Chorine is used to kill harmful organisms and the process of adding chlorine is called as chlorination.

- 7. The system of a network of pipes used for taking away wastewater from homes or public buildings to the treatment plant is known as
- (a) sewers.
- (b) sewerage.
- (c) transport system.
- (d) treatment plant.

#### Soln:

Answer is (b) sewerage.

- 8. Which of the following is a part of inorganic impurities of the sewage?
- (a) Pesticides
- (b) Urea
- (c) Phosphates
- (d) Vegetable waste

#### Soln:

Answer is (c) Phosphates

# **Explanation:**

Pesticides, urea and vegetable waste ate the organic waste that acts as impurities in sewage water whereas phosphates are the inorganic impurities present in sewage.

- 9. In a filtration plant water is filtered using layers of
- (a) sand and clay.
- (b) clay and fine gravel.
- (c) sand and fine gravel.
- (d) sand, fine gravel and medium gravel.

#### Soln:

Answer is (d) sand, fine gravel and medium gravel.

# **Explanation:**

During waste water treatment waste water is allowed to enter a grit of sand, fine gravel and medium gravel. Here speed of waste water is slowed down to allow sand, fine gravel and medium gravel to settle down.

- 10. Which of the following is not a source of waste water?
- (a) Sewers
- (b) Homes
- (c) Industries
- (d) Hospitals

#### Soln:

Answer is (a) Sewers

# **Explanation:**

Sewers are network of big and small pipes that carries sewage from the point of being produced to the point of disposal, i.e. treatment plant.

# **Very Short Answer Questions**

# 11. Why are open drains a concern?

#### Soln:

Because it create unhygienic and unsanitary conditions because of which it leads to spread of disease.

- 12. State whether the following statements are True or False. In case a statement is false, write the correct statement.
- (a) Sewage is a solid waste which causes water pollution and soil pollution.
- (b) Used water is wastewater.
- (c) Wastewater could be reused.
- (d) Where underground sewerage systems and refuse disposal systems are not available, the high cost onsite sanitation system can be adopted.

#### Soln:

- a) False- Sewage is a liquid waste which causes water pollution and soil pollution
- b) True
- c) True
- d) False- Where underground sewerage systems and refuse disposal systems are not available, the low cost on-site sanitation system can be adopted.
- 13. How are open drains harmful for human health?

#### Soln:

Opening draining system causes problems with the foul smell. Open drainage system are the breeding sources for mosquitos and flies. Open drainage system also helps the growth of disease causing organisms. Hence drains are harmful for human health.

# **Short Answer Questions**

15. Animal waste, oil and urea are some of the organic impurities present in sewage. Name two more

14. Name two inorganic impurities present in sewage.

Soln:

Soln:

Nitrates, Phosphates

organic impurities present in sewage.

Fruits, Vegetables	
16. Name two alternative arrangements for sewag	ge disposal where there is no sewerage system.
Soln:	CiON.
(i) Septic tanks (ii) Composting pits	art
17. A man travelling in a train threw an empty pa proper waste disposal method? Elaborate.	ncket of food on the platfrom. Do you think this is a
Soln:	
No, what man does is not a proper disposal method. until a proper place to dispose food packet is found.	One must always put the waste in a nearby dustbin or carry in
<ul><li>18. Why should we not throw</li><li>(a) used tea leaves into sink?</li><li>(b) cooking oil and fats down the drain?</li></ul>	
Soln:	
<ul><li>a) Used tea leaves may block the sink.</li><li>b) Cooking oil and fats gets harden and block the sin</li></ul>	ık.

# 19. Match the items of Column I with the items of Column II with reference to sewage.

Column I	Column II
a) Inorganic impurities	i) Phosphorus and Nirogen
b) organic impurities	ii) Nitrates and Phosphates
c) Nutrients	iii) Cholera and Typhoid
d) Bacteria	iv) Pesticides and Herbicides

#### Soln:

Column I	Column II			
e) Inorganic impurities	ii) Nitrates and Phosphates			
f) organic impurities	iv) Pesticides and Herbicides			
g) Nutrients	i) Phosphorus and Nirogen			
h) Bacteria	iii) Cholera and Typhoid			

# 20. Given below is a jumbled sequence of the processes involved in a wastewater treatment plant. Arrange them in their correct sequence.

- (a) Sludge is scraped out and skimmer removes the floating grease.
- (b) Water is made to settle in a large tank with a slope in the middle.
- (c) Large objects like plastic bags are removed by passing wastewater through bar screens.
- (d) Sand, grit and pebbles are made to settle by decreasing the speed of incoming wastewater.
- (e) Wastewater enters a grit and sand removal tank.

### Soln:

- (c) Large objects like plastic bags are removed by passing wastewater through bar screens.
- (e) Wastewater enters a grit and sand removal tank.
- (d) Sand, grit and pebbles are made to settle by decreasing the speed of incoming wastewater.
- (b) Water is made to settle in a large tank with a slope in the middle.
- (a) Sludge is scraped out and skimmer removes the floating grease.

#### 21. Three statements are provided here which define the terms –

- (a) sludge
- (b) sewage and
- (c) wastewater.

# Pick out the correct definition for each of these terms.

- (a) The settled solids that are removed in wastewater treatment with a scraper.
- (b) Water from kitchen used for washing dishes.
- (c) Wastewater released from homes, industries, hospitals and other public buildings.

<ul><li>a) Sludge</li><li>b) Waste water</li><li>c) Sewage</li></ul>
22. A mixture $(x)$ in water contains suspended solids, organic impurities, inorganic impurities $(a)$ , nutrients $(b)$ , disease causing bacteria and other microbes. Give names for $(x)$ , $(a)$ and $(b)$ ?
Soln:
<ul><li>(x) sewage</li><li>(a) nitrates, phosphates and metal</li><li>(b) phosphorus and nitrogen</li></ul>
Long Answer Questions
23. What are the different types of inorganic and organic impurities generally present in sewage?
Soln:
<ul> <li>(i) Inorganic impurities – nitrates, phosphates and metals.</li> <li>(ii) Organic impurities – fruit and vegetable wastes, oil, urea, human faeces, animal waste, pesticides and herbicides.</li> </ul>
24. The terms sewage, sewers and sewerage are interlinked with each other. Can you explain, how?
Soln:
The terms 'sewage, 'sewers' and 'sewerage are interlinked with each other because sewage is a mixture of wastewater coming out of homes and other places. Sewers are pipes which carry sewage and sewerage is a network of sewage carrying pipes.
25. Fill in the blanks in the following statements using words given in the box.
air, handpumps, cholera, water, large, ground
A very number of our people defecate in the open. It may cause pollution and soil pollution. Both the surface water and water get polluted water is the source for wells, tubewells and Thus it becomes the most common route for borne diseases like, dysentery, etc.
Soln:
A very <u>large</u> number of our people defecate in the open. It may cause <u>water</u> pollution and soil pollution. Both the surface water and <u>ground</u> water get polluted. <u>Ground</u> water is the source for wells, tubewells and <u>handpumps</u> . Thus it becomes the most common route for <u>water</u> borne diseases like <u>cholera</u> , dysentery, etc.

Soln:

# 26. Describe various steps of cleaning wastewater in a wastewater treatment plant.

#### Soln:

Treatment of wastewater involves physical, chemical, and biological processes, which remove physical, chemical and biological matter that contaminates the wastewater.

- 1. Wastewater is passed through bar screens. Large objects like rags, sticks, cans, plastic packets, napkins are removed.
- **2.** Water then goes to a grit and sand removal tank. The speed of the incoming wastewater is decreased to allow sand, grit and pebbles to settle down
- 3. The water is then allowed to settle in a large tank which is sloped towards the middle. Solids like faeces settle at the bottom and are removed with a scraper. This is the sludge. A skimmer removes the floatable solids like oil and grease. Water so cleared is called clarified water. The sludge is transferred to a separate tank where it is decomposed by the anaerobic bacteria. The biogas produced in the process can be used as fuel or can be used to produce electricity.
- **4.** Air is pumped into the clarified water to help aerobic bacteria to grow. Bacteria consume human waste, food waste, soaps and other unwanted matter still remaining in clarified water.

After several hours, the suspended microbes settle at the bottom of the tank as activated sludge. The water is then removed from the top. The activated sludge is about 97% water. The water is removed by sand drying beds or machines. Dried sludge is used as manure, returning organic matter and nutrients to the soil. The treated water has a very low level of organic material and suspended matter. It is discharged into a sea, a river or into the ground. Nature cleans it up further. Sometimes it may be necessary to disinfect water with chemicals like chlorine and ozone before releasing it into the distribution system.

# 27. Think and suggest some ways to minimise waste and pollutants at their source, taking your home as an example.

#### Soln:

- (i) Do not throw used tea leaves, solid food remains, etc. in the drain. Throw them in the dustbin.
- (ii) Chemicals like medicines, paints, insecticides, etc. should not be thrown in the drain, as they increase the pollution load of the sewage.