## Mathematics

## (Chapter - 4) (Simple Equations)

(Class - VII)

## Exercise 4.1

## Question 1:

Complete the last column of the table:

| S. No. | Equation | Value | Say, whether the Equation is <br> satisfied. (Yes / No) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (i) | $x+3=0$ | $x=3$ |  |
| (ii) | $x+3=0$ | $x=0$ |  |
| (iii) | $x+3=0$ | $x=-3$ |  |
| (iv) | $x-7=1$ | $x=7$ |  |
| (v) | $x-7=1$ | $x=8$ |  |
| (vi) | $5 x=25$ | $x=0$ |  |
| (vii) | $5 x=25$ | $x=5$ |  |
| (viii) | $5 x=25$ | $x=-5$ |  |
| (viii) | $\frac{m}{3}=2$ | $m=-6$ |  |
| (ix) | $\frac{m}{3}=2$ | $m=0$ |  |
| (x) | $\frac{m}{3}=2$ | $m=6$ |  |

Answer 1:

| S. No. | Equation | Value | Say, whether the Equation is <br> satisfied. (Yes / No) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (i) | $x+3=0$ | $x=3$ | No |
| (ii) | $x+3=0$ | $x=0$ | No |
| (iii) | $x+3=0$ | $x=-3$ | Yes |
| (iv) | $x-7=1$ | $x=7$ | No |
| (v) | $x-7=1$ | $x=8$ | Yes |



| (vi) | $5 x=25$ | $x=0$ | No |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (vii) | $5 x=25$ | $x=5$ | Yes |
| (viii) | $5 x=25$ | $x=-5$ | No |
| (viii) | $\frac{m}{3}=2$ | $m=-6$ | No |
| (ix) | $\frac{m}{3}=2$ | $m=0$ | No |
| (x) | $\frac{m}{3}=2$ | $m=6$ | Yes |

## Question 2:

Check whether the value given in the brackets is a solution to the given equation or not:
(a) $n+5=19(n=1)$
(b) $7 n+5=19(n=-2)$
(c) $7 n+5=19(n=2)$
(d) $4 p-3=13(p=1)$
(e) $4 p-3=13(p=-4)$
(f) $4 p-3=13(p=0)$

## Enicis Answer 2:

(a) $n+5=19(n=1)$

Putting $n=1$ in L.H.S.,

$$
1+5=6
$$

$\because \quad$ L.H.S. $\neq$ R.H.S.,
$\therefore \quad n=1$ is not the solution of given equation.
(b) $7 n+5=19(n=-2)$

Putting $n=-2$ in L.H.S.,
$7(-2)+5=-14+5=-9$
$\because \quad$ L.H.S. $\neq$ R.H.S.,
$\therefore \quad n=-2$ is not the solution of given equation.

(c) $7 n+5=19(n=2)$

Putting $n=2$ in L.H.S.,
$7(2)+5=14+5=19$
$\because \quad$ L.H.S. $=$ R.H.S.,
$\therefore \quad n=2$ is the solution of given equation.
(a) $4 p-3=13(p=1)$

Putting $p=1$ in L.H.S.,
$4(1)-3=4-3=1$
$\because \quad$ L.H.S. $\neq$ R.H.S.,
$\therefore \quad p=1$ is not the solution of given equation.
(b) $4 p-3=13(p=-4)$

Putting $p=-4$ in L.H.S.,
$4(-4)-3=-16-3=-19$
$\because \quad$ L.H.S. $\neq$ R.H.S.,
$\therefore \quad p=-4$ is not the solution of given equation.
(c) $4 p-3=13(p=0)$

Putting $p=0$ in L.H.S.,

$$
4(0)-3=0-3=-3
$$

$\because \quad$ L.H.S. $\neq$ R.H.S.,
$\therefore \quad p=0$ is not the solution of given equation.

## Question 3:

Solve the following equations by trial and error method:
(i) $5 p+2=17$
(ii) $3 m-14=4$

## an Answer 3:

(i) $5 p+2=17$

Putting $p=-3$ in L.H.S. $\quad 5(-3)+2=-15+2=-13$
$\because-13 \neq 17$ Therefore, $p=-3$ is not the solution.


Putting $p=-2$ in L.H.S. $\quad 5(-2)+2=-10+2=-8$
$\because-8 \neq 17$ Therefore, $p=-2$ is not the solution.
Putting $p=-1$ in L.H.S. $\quad 5(-1)+2=-5+2=-3$
$\because-3 \neq 17$ Therefore, $p=-1$ is not the solution.
Putting $p=0$ in L.H.S. $\quad 5(0)+2=0+2=2$
$\because 2 \neq 17 \quad$ Therefore, $p=0$ is not the solution.
Putting $p=1$ in L.H.S. $\quad 5(1)+2=5+2=7$
$\because 7 \neq 17 \quad$ Therefore, $p=1$ is not the solution.
Putting $p=2$ in L.H.S. $\quad 5(2)+2=10+2=12$
$\because 12 \neq 17$ Therefore, $p=2$ is not the solution.
Putting $p=3$ in L.H.S. $\quad 5(3)+2=15+2=17$
$\because 17=17 \quad$ Therefore, $p=3$ is the solution.
(ii)
$3 m-14=4$
Putting $m=-2$ in L.H.S. $\quad 3(-2)-14=-6-14=-20$
$\because-20 \neq 4 \quad$ Therefore, $m=-2$ is not the solution.
Putting $m=-1$ in L.H.S. $\quad 3(-1)-14=-3-14=-17$
$\because-17 \neq 4$ Therefore, $m=-1$ is not the solution.
Putting $m=0$ in L.H.S. $\quad 3(0)-14=0-14=-14$
$\because-14 \neq 4 \quad$ Therefore, $m=0$ is not the solution.
Putting $m=1$ in L.H.S. $\quad 3(1)-14=3-14=-11$
$\because-11 \neq 4$ Therefore, $m=1$ is not the solution.
Putting $m=2$ in L.H.S. $\quad 3(2)-14=6-14=-8$
$\because-8 \neq 4 \quad$ Therefore, $m=2$ is not the solution.
Putting $m=3$ in L.H.S. $\quad 3(3)-14=9-14=-5$
$\because-5 \neq 4 \quad$ Therefore, $m=3$ is not the solution.
Putting $m=4$ in L.H.S. $\quad 3(4)-14=12-14=-2$
$\because-2 \neq 4 \quad$ Therefore, $m=4$ is not the solution.
Putting $m=5$ in L.H.S. $\quad 3(5)-14=15-14=1$
$\because 1 \neq 4 \quad$ Therefore, $m=5$ is not the solution.
Putting $m=6$ in L.H.S. $\quad 3(6)-14=18-14=4$
$\because 4=4 \quad$ Therefore, $m=6$ is the solution.


## Question 4:

Write equations for the following statements:
(i) The sum of numbers $x$ and 4 is 9 .
(ii) 2 subtracted from $y$ is 8 .
(iii) Ten times $a$ is 70 .
(iv) The number $b$ divided by 5 gives 6 .
(v) Three-fourth of $t$ is 15 .
(vi) Seven times $m$ plus 7 gets you 77 .
(vii) One-fourth of a number $x$ minus 4 gives 4 .
(viii) If you take away 6 from 6 times $y$, you get 60 .
(ix) If you add 3 to one-third of $z$, you get 30 .

Eniminser 4:
(i) $\quad x+4=9$
(ii) $y-2=8$
(iii) $\quad 10 a=70$
(iv) $\frac{b}{5}=6$
(v) $\quad \frac{3}{4} t=15$
(vi) $7 m+7=77$
(vii) $\frac{x}{4}-4=4$
(viii) $6 y-6=60$
(ix) $\frac{z}{3}+3=30$

## Question 5:

Write the following equations in statement form:
(i)
$p+4=15$
(ii) $m-7=3$
(iii) $2 m=7$
(iv) $\frac{m}{5}=3$
(v) $\quad \frac{3 m}{5}=6$
(vi) $3 p+4=25$
(vii) $\quad 4 p-2=18$
(viii) $\frac{p}{2}+2=8$


## $\epsilon_{\text {min }}$ Answer 5:

(i) The sum of numbers $p$ and 4 is 15 .
(ii) 7 subtracted from $m$ is 3 .
(iii) Two times $m$ is 7 .
(iv) The number $m$ is divided by 5 gives 3 .
(v) Three-fifth of the number $m$ is 6 .
(vi) Three times $p$ plus 4 gets 25 .
(vii) If you take away 2 from 4 times $p$, you get 18 .
(viii) If you added 2 to half is $p$, you get 8 .

## Question 6:

Set up an equation in the following cases:
(i) Irfan says that he has 7 marbles more than five times the marbles Parmit has. Irfan has 37 marbles. (Tale $m$ to be the number of Parmit's marbles.)
(ii) Laxmi's father is 49 years old. He is 4 years older than three times Laxmi's age. (Take Laxmi's age to be $y$ years.)
(iii) The teacher tells the class that the highest marks obtained by a student in her class are twice the lowest marks plus 7. The highest score is 87. (Take the lowest score to be $l$.)
(iv) In an isosceles triangle, the vertex angle is twice either base angle. (Let the base angle be $b$ in degrees. Remember that the sum of angles of a triangle is $180^{\circ}$.)
Emini Answer 6:
(i) Let $m$ be the number of Parmit's marbles.

$$
\therefore \quad 5 m+7=37
$$

(ii) Let the age of Laxmi be $y$ years.
$\therefore \quad 3 y+4=49$
(iii) Let the lowest score be $l$.

$$
\therefore \quad 2 l+7=87
$$

(iv) Let the base angle of the isosceles triangle be $b$, so vertex angle $=2 b$.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\therefore & 2 b+b+b=180^{\circ} \\
\Rightarrow & 4 b=180^{\circ} \quad[\text { Angle sum property of a } \Delta]
\end{array}
$$



## Exercise 4.2

## Question 1:

Give first the step you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equations:
(a) $x-1=0$
(b) $x+1=0$
(c) $x-1=5$
(d) $x+6=2$
(e) $y-4=-7$
(f) $y-4=4$
(g) $y+4=4$
(h) $y+4=-4$

## Emi Answer 1:

(a) $x-1=0$
$\Rightarrow \quad x-1+1=0+1$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=1$
(b) $x+1=0$
$\Rightarrow \quad x+1-1=0-1$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=-1$
(c) $x-1=5$
$\Rightarrow \quad x-1+1=5+1$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=6$
(d) $x+6=2$
$\Rightarrow \quad x+6-6=2-6$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=-4$
(e) $y-4=-7$
$\Rightarrow \quad y-4+4=-7+4$
$\Rightarrow \quad y=-3$
(f) $y-4=4$
$\Rightarrow \quad y-4+4=4+4$
$\Rightarrow \quad y=8$
(g) $y+4=4$
$\Rightarrow \quad y+4-4=4-4$
$\Rightarrow \quad y=0$
(h) $y+4=-4$
$\Rightarrow \quad y+4-4=-4-4$
[Subtracting 4 both sides]
[Adding 1 both sides]
[Subtracting 1 both sides]
[Adding 1 both sides]
[Subtracting 6 both sides]
[Adding 4 both sides]
[Adding 4 both sides]
[Subtracting 4 both sides]
[Subracting 4 both


## Question 2:

Give first the step you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equations
(a) $3 l=42$
(b) $\frac{b}{2}=6$
(c) $\frac{p}{7}=4$
(d) $4 x=25$
(e) $8 y=36$
(f) $\frac{z}{3}=\frac{5}{4}$
(g) $\frac{a}{5}=\frac{7}{15}$
(h) $20 t=-10$

Ewisi Answer 2:
(a) $3 l=42$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{3 l}{3}=\frac{42}{3}$
[Dividing both sides by 3]
$\Rightarrow \quad l=14$
(b) $\frac{b}{2}=6$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{b}{2} \times 2=6 \times 2$
[Multiplying both sides by 2]
$\Rightarrow \quad b=12$
(c) $\frac{p}{7}=4$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad \frac{p}{7} \times 7=4 \times 7
$$

[Multiplying both sides by 7]
$\Rightarrow \quad p=28$
(d) $4 x=25$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{4 x}{4}=\frac{25}{4}$
[Dividing both sides by 4]
$\Rightarrow \quad x=\frac{25}{4}$
(e) $8 y=36$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{8 y}{8}=\frac{36}{8} \quad$ [Dividing both sides by 8]
$\Rightarrow \quad y=\frac{9}{2}$

(f) $\frac{z}{3}=\frac{5}{4}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \quad \frac{z}{3} \times 3=\frac{5}{4} \times 3 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad z=\frac{15}{4}
\end{aligned}
$$

(g) $\frac{a}{5}=\frac{7}{15}$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad \frac{a}{5} \times 5=\frac{7}{15} \times 5
$$

[Multiplying both sides by 5]
$\Rightarrow \quad a=\frac{7}{3}$
(h) $20 t=-10$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \quad \frac{20 t}{20}=\frac{-10}{20} \\
& \Rightarrow \quad t=\frac{-1}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 3:

Give first the step you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equations
(a) $3 n-2=46$
(b) $5 m+7=17$
(c) $\frac{20 p}{3}=40$
(d) $\frac{3 p}{10}=6$

## Emini Answer 3:

(a) $3 n-2=46$

Step I: $\quad 3 n-2+2=46+2$
$\Rightarrow \quad 3 n=48 \quad$ [Adding 2 both sides]
Step II: $\quad \frac{3 n}{3}=\frac{48}{3}$
$\Rightarrow \quad n=16 \quad$ [Dividing both sides by 3]
(b) $5 m+7=17$

Step I: $\quad 5 m+7-7=17-7$
$\Rightarrow \quad 5 m=10$
[Subtracting 7 both sides]
Step II: $\quad \frac{5 m}{5}=\frac{10}{5}$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad m=2
$$

[Dividing both sides by 5]

(c) $\frac{20 p}{3}=40$

Step I: $\quad \frac{20 p}{3} \times 3=40 \times 3$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad 20 p=120
$$

[Multiplying both sides by 3]
Step II: $\quad \frac{20 p}{20}=\frac{120}{20}$
$\Rightarrow \quad p=6$
[Dividing both sides by 20]
(d) $\frac{3 p}{10}=6$

Step I: $\quad \frac{3 p}{10} \times 10=6 \times 10$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad 3 p=60
$$

[Multiplying both sides by 10]
Step II: $\quad \frac{3 p}{3}=\frac{60}{3}$
$\Rightarrow \quad p=20$
[Dividing both sides by 3]

## Question 4:

Solve the following equation:
(a) $10 p=100$
(b) $10 p+10=100$
(c) $\frac{p}{4}=5$
(d) $\frac{-p}{3}=5$
(e) $\frac{3 p}{4}=6$
(f) $3 s=-9$
(g) $3 s+12=0$
(h) $3 s=0$
(i) $2 q=6$
(j) $2 q-6=0$
(k) $2 q+6=0$
(l) $2 q+6=12$
tein Answer 4:
(a) $10 p=100$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad \frac{10 p}{10}=\frac{100}{10}
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad p=10
$$

(b) $10 p+10=100$
$\Rightarrow \quad 10 p+10-10=100-10 \quad$ [Subtracting both sides 10]
$\Rightarrow \quad 10 p=90$


$$
\Rightarrow \quad \frac{10 p}{10}=\frac{90}{10}
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad p=9
$$

(c) $\frac{p}{4}=5$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad \frac{p}{4} \times 4=5 \times 4 \quad \text { [Multiplying both sides by 4] }
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad p=20
$$

(d) $\frac{-p}{3}=5$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad \frac{-p}{3} \times(-3)=5 \times(-3) \quad[\text { Multiplying both sides by }-3]
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad p=-15
$$

(e) $\frac{3 p}{4}=6$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \quad \frac{3 p}{4} \times 4=6 \times 4 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad 3 p=24 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad \frac{3 p}{3}=\frac{24}{3} \\
& \Rightarrow \quad p=8
\end{aligned}
$$

(f) $3 s=-9$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad \frac{3 s}{3}=\frac{-9}{3}
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad s=-3
$$

(g) $3 s+12=0$
$\Rightarrow \quad 3 s+12-12=0-12$
$\Rightarrow \quad 3 s=-12$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{3 s}{3}=\frac{-12}{3}$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad s=-4
$$

(h) $3 s=0$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\Rightarrow & \frac{3 s}{3}=\frac{0}{3} \\
\Rightarrow & s=0
\end{array} \quad \text { [Dividing both sides by 3] }
$$

[Dividing both sides by 10]
[Multiplying both sides by 4]
[Dividing both sides by 3]
[Dividing both sides by 3]
[Subtracting both sides 10]
[Dividing both sides by 3]

(i) $2 q=6$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{2 q}{2}=\frac{6}{2}$
[Dividing both sides by 2]
$\Rightarrow \quad q=3$
(j) $2 q-6=0$
$\Rightarrow 2 q-6+6=0+6$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2 q=6$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{2 q}{2}=\frac{6}{2}$
[Adding both sides 6]
[Dividing both sides by 2]
$\Rightarrow \quad q=3$
(k) $2 q+6=0$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2 q+6-6=0-6$
[Subtracting both sides 6]
$\Rightarrow 2 q=-6$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{2 q}{2}=\frac{-6}{2}$
[Dividing both sides by 2]
$\Rightarrow \quad q=-3$
(l) $2 q+6=12$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2 q+6-6=12-6$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2 q=6$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{2 q}{2}=\frac{6}{2}$
[Subtracting both sides 6]
$\Rightarrow \quad q=3$


## Exercise 4.3

## Question 1:

Solve the following equations:
(a) $2 y+\frac{5}{2}=\frac{37}{2}$
(b) $5 t+28=10$
(c) $\frac{a}{5}+3=2$
(d) $\frac{q}{4}+7=5$
(e) $\frac{5}{2} x=10$
(f) $\frac{5}{2} x=\frac{25}{4}$
(g) $7 m+\frac{19}{2}=13$
(h) $6 z+10=-2$
(i) $\frac{3 l}{2}=\frac{2}{3}$
(j) $\frac{2 b}{3}-5=3$

Eaid Answer 1:
(a) $2 y+\frac{5}{2}=\frac{37}{2}$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\Rightarrow & 2 y=\frac{37}{2}-\frac{5}{2} \\
\Rightarrow & 2 y=\frac{37-5}{2} \\
\Rightarrow & 2 y=\frac{32}{2} \\
\Rightarrow & 2 y=16 \\
\Rightarrow & y=\frac{16}{2} \\
\Rightarrow \quad y=8
\end{array}
$$

(b) $5 t+28=10$
$\Rightarrow \quad 5 t=10-28$
$\Rightarrow \quad 5 t=-18$
$\Rightarrow \quad t=\frac{-18}{5}$
(c) $\frac{a}{5}+3=2$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{a}{5}=2-3$


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \quad \frac{a}{5}=-1 \\
& \Rightarrow a=-1 \times 5 \\
& \Rightarrow a=-5
\end{aligned}
$$

(d) $\frac{q}{4}+7=5$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \quad \frac{q}{4}=5-7 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad \frac{q}{4}=-2 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad q=-2 \times 4 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad q=-8
\end{aligned}
$$

(e) $\frac{5}{2} x=10$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\Rightarrow & 5 x=10 \times 2 \\
\Rightarrow & 5 x=20 \\
\Rightarrow & x=\frac{20}{5} \\
\Rightarrow & x=4
\end{array}
$$

(f) $\frac{5}{2} x=\frac{25}{4}$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\Rightarrow & 5 x=\frac{25}{4} \times 2 \\
\Rightarrow & 5 x=\frac{25}{2} \\
\Rightarrow & x=\frac{25}{2 \times 5} \\
\Rightarrow & x=\frac{5}{2}
\end{array}
$$

(g) $7 m+\frac{19}{2}=13$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad 7 m=13-\frac{19}{2}
$$



$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \quad 7 m=\frac{26-19}{2} \\
& \Rightarrow \quad 7 m=\frac{7}{2} \\
& \Rightarrow \quad m=\frac{7}{2 \times 7} \\
& \Rightarrow \quad m=\frac{1}{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

(h) $6 z+10=-2$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \quad 6 z=-2-10 \\
& \Rightarrow 6 z=-12 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad z=\frac{-12}{6} \\
& \Rightarrow \quad z=-2
\end{aligned}
$$

(i) $\frac{3 l}{2}=\frac{2}{3}$
$\Rightarrow \quad 3 l=\frac{2}{3} \times 2$
$\Rightarrow 3 l=\frac{4}{3}$
$\Rightarrow \quad l=\frac{4}{3 \times 3}$
$\Rightarrow \quad l=\frac{4}{9}$
(j) $\frac{2 b}{3}-5=3$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{2 b}{3}=3+5$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{2 b}{3}=8$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2 b=8 \times 3$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2 b=24$
$\Rightarrow \quad b=\frac{24}{2}$
$\Rightarrow \quad b=12$


## Question 2:

Solve the following equations:
(a) $2(x+4)=12$
(b) $3(n-5)=21$
(c) $3(n-5)=-21$
(d) $3-2(2-y)=7$
(e) $-4(2-x)=9$
(f) $4(2-x)=9$
(g) $4+5(p-1)=34$
(h) $34-5(p-1)=4$

## teai Answer 2:

(a) $2(x+4)=12$
$\Rightarrow \quad x+4=\frac{12}{2}$
$\Rightarrow \quad x+4=6$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=6-4$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=2$
(b) $3(n-5)=21$
$\Rightarrow \quad n-5=\frac{21}{3}$
$\Rightarrow \quad n-5=7$
$\Rightarrow \quad n=7+5$
$\Rightarrow \quad n=12$
(c) $3(n-5)=-21$
$\Rightarrow \quad n-5=\frac{-21}{3}$
$\Rightarrow \quad n-5=-7$
$\Rightarrow \quad n=-7+5$
$\Rightarrow \quad n=-2$
(d) $3-2(2-y)=7$
$\Rightarrow \quad-2(2-y)=7-3$
$\Rightarrow \quad-2(2-y)=4$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2-y=\frac{4}{-2}$


$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\Rightarrow & 2-y=-2 \\
\Rightarrow & -y=-2-2 \\
\Rightarrow & -y=-4 \\
\Rightarrow & y=4
\end{array}
$$

(e) $-4(2-x)=9$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad-4 \times 2-x \times(-4)=9
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad-8+4 x=9
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad 4 x=9+8
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad 4 x=17
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad x=\frac{17}{4}
$$

(f) $4(2-x)=9$
$\Rightarrow \quad 4 \times 2-x \times(4)=9$
$\Rightarrow \quad 8-4 x=9$
$\Rightarrow \quad-4 x=9-8$
$\Rightarrow \quad-4 x=1$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=\frac{-1}{4}$
(g) $4+5(p-1)=34$
$\Rightarrow \quad 5(p-1)=34-4$
$\Rightarrow \quad 5(p-1)=30$
$\Rightarrow \quad p-1=\frac{30}{5}$
$\Rightarrow \quad p-1=6$
$\Rightarrow \quad p=6+1$
$\Rightarrow \quad p=7$
(h) $34-5(p-1)=4$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\Rightarrow & -5(p-1)=4-34 \\
\Rightarrow & -5(p-1)=-30
\end{array}
$$



$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\Rightarrow & p-1=\frac{-30}{-5} \\
\Rightarrow & p-1=6 \\
\Rightarrow & p=6+1 \\
\Rightarrow & p=7
\end{array}
$$

## Question 3:

Solve the following equations:
(a) $4=5(p-2)$
(b) $-4=5(p-2)$
(c) $-16=-5(2-p)$
(d) $10=4+3(t+2)$
(e) $28=4+3(t+5)$
(f) $0=16+4(m-6)$

## 

(a) $4=5(p-2)$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad 4=5 \times p-5 \times 2
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad 4=5 p-10
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad 5 p-10=4
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad 5 p=4+10
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad 5 p=14
$$

$$
\Rightarrow \quad p=\frac{14}{5}
$$

(b) $-4=5(p-2)$
$\Rightarrow \quad-4=5 \times p-5 \times 2$
$\Rightarrow \quad-4=5 p-10$
$\Rightarrow \quad 5 p-10=-4$
$\Rightarrow \quad 5 p=-4+10$
$\Rightarrow \quad 5 p=6$
$\Rightarrow \quad p=\frac{6}{5}$

(c) $-16=-5(2-p)$
$\Rightarrow \quad-16=-5 \times 2-(-5) \times p$
$\Rightarrow \quad-16=-10+5 p$
$\Rightarrow \quad-10+5 p=-16$
$\Rightarrow \quad 5 p=-16+10$
$\Rightarrow 5 p=-6$
$\Rightarrow \quad p=\frac{-6}{5}$
(d) $10=4+3(t+2)$
$\Rightarrow \quad 10-4=3(t+2)$
$\Rightarrow \quad 6=3(t+2)$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{6}{3}=t+2$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2=t+2$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2-2=t$
$\Rightarrow \quad 0=t$
$\Rightarrow \quad t=0$
(e) $28=4+3(t+5)$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\Rightarrow & 28-4=3(t+5) \\
\Rightarrow & 24=3(t+5) \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{24}{3}=t+5 \\
\Rightarrow & 8=t+5 \\
\Rightarrow & 8-5=t \\
\Rightarrow & 3=t \\
\Rightarrow & t=3
\end{array}
$$

(f) $0=16+4(m-6)$
$\Rightarrow \quad 0-16=4(m-6)$
$\Rightarrow \quad-16=4(m-6)$


$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\Rightarrow & \frac{-16}{4}=m-6 \\
\Rightarrow & -4=m-6 \\
\Rightarrow & -4+6=m \\
\Rightarrow & 2=m \\
\Rightarrow & m=2
\end{array}
$$

## Question 4:

(a) Construct 3 equations starting with $x=2$.
(b) Construct 3 equations starting with $x=-2$.

## Enai Answer 4:

(a) 3 equations starting with $x=2$.
(i) $x=2$

Multiplying both sides by 10 ,
$10 x=20$
Adding 2 both sides
$10 x+2=20+2=10 x+2=22$
(ii) $x=2$

Multiplying both sides by 5
$5 x=10$
Subtracting 3 from both sides
$5 x-3=10-3=5 x-3=7$
(iii) $x=2$

Dividing both sides by 5
$\frac{x}{5}=\frac{2}{5}$
(b) 3 equations starting with $x=-2$.
(i) $x=-2$

Multiplying both sides by 3
$3 x=-6$
(ii) $\quad x=-2$

Multiplying both sides by 3
$3 x=-6$
Adding 7 to both sides
$3 x+7=-6+7=3 x+7=1$

(iii) $x=-2$

Multiplying both sides by 3
$3 x=-6$
Adding 10 to both sides
$3 x+10=-6+10=3 x+10=4$


## Exercise 4.4

## Question 1:

Set up equations and solve them to find the unknown numbers in the following cases:
(a) Add 4 to eight times a number; you get 60 .
(b) One-fifth of a number minus 4 gives 3.
(c) If I take three-fourth of a number and add 3 to it, I get 21.
(d) When I subtracted 11 from twice a number, the result was 15.
(e) Munna subtracts thrice the number of notebooks he has from 50 , he finds the result to be 8 .
(f) Ibenhal thinks of a number. If she adds 19 to it divides the sum by 5 , she will get 8.
(g) Answer thinks of a number. If he takes away 7 from $\frac{5}{2}$ of the number, the result is $\frac{11}{2}$.

## Emin Answer 1:

(a) Let the number be $x$.

$$
\text { According to the question, } \quad 8 x+4=60
$$

$\Rightarrow \quad 8 x=60-4$
$\Rightarrow \quad 8 x=56$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=\frac{56}{8}$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=7$
(b) Let the number be $y$.

According to the question, $\quad \frac{y}{5}-4=3$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Rightarrow \quad \frac{y}{5}=3+4 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad \frac{y}{5}=7 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad y=7 \times 5 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad y=35
\end{aligned}
$$


(c) Let the number be $z$.

According to the question, $\quad \frac{3}{4} z+3=21$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{3}{4} z=21-3$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{3}{4} z=18$
$\Rightarrow \quad 3 z=18 \times 4$
$\Rightarrow \quad 3 z=72$
$\Rightarrow \quad z=\frac{72}{3}$
$\Rightarrow \quad z=24$
(d) Let the number be $x$.

According to the question, $\quad 2 x-11=15$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2 x=15+11$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2 x=26$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=\frac{26}{2}$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=13$
(e) Let the number be $m$.

According to the question, $\quad 50-3 m=8$
$\Rightarrow \quad-3 m=8-50$
$\Rightarrow \quad-3 m=-42$
$\Rightarrow \quad m=\frac{-42}{-3}$
$\Rightarrow \quad m=14$
(f) Let the number be $n$.

According to the question, $\quad \frac{n+19}{5}=8$
$\Rightarrow \quad n+19=8 \times 5$
$\Rightarrow \quad n+19=40$
$\Rightarrow \quad n=40-19$
$\Rightarrow \quad n=21$

(g) Let the number be $x$.

According to the question, $\quad \frac{5}{2} x-7=\frac{11}{2}$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{5}{2} x=\frac{11}{2}+7$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{5}{2} x=\frac{11+14}{2}$
$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{5}{2} x=\frac{25}{2}$
$\Rightarrow \quad 5 x=\frac{25 \times 2}{2}$
$\Rightarrow \quad 5 x=25$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=\frac{25}{5}$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=5$

## Question 2:

Solve the following:
(a) The teacher tells the class that the highest marks obtained by a student in her class are twice the lowest marks plus 7. The highest score is 87 . What is the lowest score?
(b) In an isosceles triangle, the base angles are equal. The vertex angle is $40^{\circ}$. What are the base angles of the triangle? (Remember, the sum of three angles of a triangle is $180^{\circ}$.)
(c) Sachin scored twice as many runs as Rahul. Together, their runs fell two short of a double century. How many runs did each one score?

## $t_{\text {tai }}$ Answer 2:

(a) Let the lowest marks be $y$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { According to the question, } \quad 2 y+7=87 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad 2 y=87-7 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad 2 y=80 \\
& \Rightarrow \quad y=\frac{80}{2} \\
& \Rightarrow \quad y=40
\end{aligned}
$$

Thus, the lowest score is 40 .

(b) Let the base angle of the triangle be $b$.

Given, $\quad a=40^{\circ}, b=c$


Since, $a+b+c=180^{\circ} \quad$ [Angle sum property of a triangle]
$\Rightarrow 40^{\circ}+b+b=180^{\circ}$
$\Rightarrow \quad 40^{\circ}+2 b=180^{\circ}$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2 b=180^{\circ}-40^{\circ}$
$\Rightarrow \quad 2 b=140^{\circ}$
$\Rightarrow \quad b=\frac{140^{\circ}}{2}$
$\Rightarrow \quad b=70^{\circ}$
Thus, the base angles of the isosceles triangle are $70^{\circ}$ each.
(c) Let the score of Rahul be $x$ runs and Sachin's score is $2 x$.

According to the question, $\quad x+2 x=198$
$\Rightarrow \quad 3 x=198$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=\frac{198}{3}$
$\Rightarrow \quad x=66$
Thus, Rahul's score $=66$ runs
And Sachin's score $=2 \times 66=132$ runs.

## Question 3:

Solve the following:
(i) Irfan says that he has 7 marbles more than five times the marbles Parmit has. Irfan has 37 marbles. How many marbles does Parmit have?
(ii) Laxmi's father is 49 years old. He is 4 years older than three times Laxmi's age. What is Laxmi's age?
(iii) People of Sundergram planted a total of 102 trees in the village garden. Some of the trees were fruit trees. The number of non-fruit trees were two more than three times the number of fruit trees. What was the number of fruit trees planted?


## Eai Answer 3:

(i) Let the number of marbles Parmit has be $m$.

According to the question, $\quad 5 m+7=37$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\Rightarrow & 5 m=37-7 \\
\Rightarrow & 5 m=30 \\
\Rightarrow & m=\frac{30}{5} \\
\Rightarrow & m=6
\end{array}
$$

Thus, Parmit has 6 marbles.
(ii) Let the age of Laxmi be $y$ years.

Then her father's age $=(3 y+4)$ years
According to question,

$$
3 y+4=49
$$

$\Rightarrow \quad 3 y=49-4$
$\Rightarrow \quad 3 y=45$
$\Rightarrow \quad y=\frac{45}{3}$
$\Rightarrow \quad y=15$
Thus, the age of Laxmi is 15 years.
(iii) Let the number of fruit trees be $t$.

Then the number of non-fruits tree $=3 t+2$
According to the question, $\quad t+3 t+2=102$

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\Rightarrow & 4 t+2=102 \\
\Rightarrow & 4 t=102-2 \\
\Rightarrow & 4 t=100 \\
\Rightarrow & t=\frac{100}{4} \\
\Rightarrow & t=25
\end{array}
$$

Thus, the number of fruit trees are 25.


## Question 4:

Solve the following riddle:
I am a number,
Tell my identity!
Take me seven times over,
And add a fifty!
To reach a triple century,
You still need forty!

## Eain Answer 4:

Let the number be $n$.
According to the question, $\quad 7 n+50+40=300$
$\Rightarrow \quad 7 n+90=300$
$\Rightarrow \quad 7 n=300-90$
$\Rightarrow \quad 7 n=210$
$\Rightarrow \quad n=\frac{210}{7}$
$\Rightarrow \quad n=30$
Thus, the required number is 30 .


