# **Mathematics**

(Chapter – 2) (Fractions and Decimals) (Class – VII)

## Exercise 2.1

### **Question 1:**

Solve:

(i)	$2 - \frac{3}{5}$	(ii)	$4 + \frac{7}{8}$
(iii)	$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{7}$	(iv)	$\frac{9}{11} - \frac{4}{15}$
(v)	$\frac{7}{10} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{2}$	(vi)	$2\frac{2}{3}+3\frac{1}{2}$
(vii)	$8\frac{1}{2}-3\frac{5}{8}$		A.
<b>Answer 1</b>	:		0
(i)	$2 - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{10 - 3}{5} = \frac{7}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$		,09
(ii)	$4 + \frac{7}{8} = \frac{32 + 7}{8} = \frac{39}{8} = 4\frac{7}{8}$	$\mathcal{A}_{\mathcal{A}}$	
(iii)	$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{7} = \frac{21 + 10}{35} = \frac{31}{35}$		
(iv)	$\frac{9}{11} - \frac{4}{15} = \frac{135 - 44}{165} = \frac{91}{165}$		
(v)	$\frac{7}{10} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{2} = \frac{7 + 4 + 15}{10} = \frac{26}{10} = \frac{13}{5} =$	$=2\frac{3}{5}$	
(vi)	$2\frac{2}{3} + 3\frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{3} + \frac{7}{2} = \frac{16 + 21}{6} = \frac{37}{6} =$	$6\frac{1}{6}$	
(vii)	$8\frac{1}{2} - 3\frac{5}{8} = \frac{17}{2} - \frac{29}{8} = \frac{68 - 19}{8} = \frac{39}{8}$	$=4\frac{7}{8}$	

### **Question 2:**

Arrange the following in descending order:

(i) $\frac{2}{2} \frac{2}{2} \frac{8}{8}$	(ii)	1 3 7
9'3'21	(II)	5'7'10





### **Question 3:**

In a "magic square", the sum of the numbers in each row, in each column and along the diagonals is the same. Is this a magic square?

$\frac{4}{11}$	<u>9</u> 11	$\frac{2}{11}$
$\frac{3}{11}$	$\frac{5}{11}$	$\frac{7}{11}$
$\frac{8}{11}$	$\frac{1}{11}$	$\frac{6}{11}$

(Along the first row  $\frac{4}{11} + \frac{9}{11} + \frac{2}{11} = \frac{15}{11}$ )

### **Answer 3**:

Sum of first row

 $=\frac{4}{11}+\frac{9}{11}+\frac{2}{11}=\frac{15}{11}$  [Given]



$=\frac{3}{5}+\frac{5}{7}+\frac{7}{7}$	3+5+7	_ 15
	11	11
$=\frac{8}{1}+\frac{1}{6}+\frac{6}{6}$	_ 8+1+6 _	_ 15
11 11 11	11	11
$=\frac{4}{3}+\frac{3}{8}+\frac{8}{3}$	$-\frac{4+3+8}{2}$	15
11 11 11	11	11
$=\frac{9}{5}+\frac{5}{5}+\frac{1}{5}$	$-\frac{9+5+1}{2}$	_ 15
11 11 11	11	11
$=\frac{2}{2}+\frac{7}{7}+\frac{6}{6}$	2+7+6	_ 15
11 11 11	11	11
$=\frac{4}{5}+\frac{5}{6}$	4+5+6	_ 15
11 11 11	- 11	11
$=\frac{2}{5}+\frac{5}{8}+\frac{8}{5}$	2+5+8	_ 15
	<b>U</b> 11	11
	$= \frac{3}{11} + \frac{5}{11} + \frac{7}{11} = \frac{3}{11} + \frac{5}{11} + \frac{7}{11} = \frac{3}{11} + \frac{1}{11} + \frac{6}{11} = \frac{4}{11} + \frac{3}{11} + \frac{8}{11} = \frac{9}{11} + \frac{5}{11} + \frac{1}{11} = \frac{9}{11} + \frac{5}{11} + \frac{1}{11} = \frac{2}{11} + \frac{7}{11} + \frac{6}{11} = \frac{4}{11} + \frac{5}{11} + \frac{6}{11} = \frac{2}{11} + \frac{5}{11} + \frac{8}{11} = \frac{8}{11} + \frac{8}{11} + \frac{8}{11} + \frac{8}{11$	$= \frac{3}{11} + \frac{5}{11} + \frac{7}{11} = \frac{3+5+7}{11} =$ $= \frac{8}{11} + \frac{1}{11} + \frac{6}{11} = \frac{8+1+6}{11} =$ $= \frac{4}{11} + \frac{3}{11} + \frac{8}{11} = \frac{4+3+8}{11} =$ $= \frac{9}{11} + \frac{5}{11} + \frac{1}{11} = \frac{9+5+1}{11} =$ $= \frac{2}{11} + \frac{7}{11} + \frac{6}{11} = \frac{2+7+6}{11} =$ $= \frac{4}{11} + \frac{5}{11} + \frac{6}{11} = \frac{4+5+6}{11} =$ $= \frac{2}{11} + \frac{5}{11} + \frac{8}{11} = \frac{2+5+8}{11} =$

Since the sum of fractions in each row, in each column and along the diagonals are same, therefore it is a magic square.

### **Question 4:**

A rectangular sheet of paper is  $12\frac{1}{2}$  cm long and  $10\frac{2}{3}$  cm wide. Find its perimeter.

### **Answer 4:**

Given: The sheet of paper is in rectangular form. Length of sheet =  $12\frac{1}{2}$  cm and Breadth of sheet =  $10\frac{2}{3}$  cm Perimeter of rectangle = 2 (length + breadth)

$$= 2\left(12\frac{1}{2}+10\frac{2}{3}\right) = 2\left(\frac{25}{2}+\frac{32}{3}\right)$$
$$= 2\left(\frac{25\times3+32\times2}{6}\right) = 2\left(\frac{75+64}{6}\right)$$
$$= 2\times\frac{139}{6} = \frac{139}{3} = 46\frac{1}{3}$$
 cm.

Thus, the perimeter of the rectangular sheet is  $46\frac{1}{3}$  cm.



### **Question 5:**

Find the perimeter of (i)  $\triangle$  ABE, (ii) the rectangle BCDE in this figure. Whose perimeter is greater?



### **Answer 5:**

(i) In 
$$\triangle ABE$$
,  $AB = \frac{5}{2}$  cm,  $BE = 2\frac{3}{4}$  cm,  $AE = 3\frac{3}{5}$  cm  
The perimeter of  $\triangle ABE = AB + BE + AE$   
 $= \frac{5}{2} + 2\frac{3}{4} + 3\frac{3}{5} = \frac{5}{2} + \frac{11}{4} + \frac{18}{5}$   
 $= \frac{50 + 55 + 72}{20} = \frac{177}{20} = 8\frac{17}{20}$  cm  
Thus, the perimeter of  $\triangle ABE$  is  $8\frac{17}{20}$  cm.

(ii) In rectangle BCDE, BE = 
$$2\frac{3}{4}$$
 cm, ED =  $\frac{7}{6}$  cm  
Perimeter of rectangle = 2 (length + breadth)  
=  $2\left(2\frac{3}{4}+\frac{7}{6}\right) = 2\left(\frac{11}{4}+\frac{7}{6}\right)$   
=  $2\left(\frac{33+14}{12}\right) = \frac{47}{6} = 7\frac{5}{6}$  cm

Thus, the perimeter of rectangle BCDE is  $7\frac{5}{6}$  cm.

Comparing the perimeter of triangle and that of rectangle,

$$8\frac{17}{20}$$
 cm >  $7\frac{5}{6}$  cm

Therefore, the perimeter of triangle ABE is greater than that of rectangle BCDE.



### **Question 6:**

Salil wants to put a picture in a frame. The picture is  $7\frac{3}{5}$  cm wide. To fit in the frame the picture cannot be more than  $7\frac{3}{10}$  cm wide. How much should the picture be trimmed?

### **Answer 6:**

 $= 7\frac{3}{5}$  cm The width of the picture Given:  $= 7 \frac{3}{10}$  cm and the width of picture frame Therefore, the picture should be trimmed =  $7\frac{3}{5} - 7\frac{3}{10} = \frac{38}{5} - \frac{73}{10}$  $= \frac{76-73}{10} = \frac{3}{10} \text{ cm}.$ Thus, the picture should be trimmed by  $\frac{3}{10}$  cm.

### **Question 7:**

Ritu ate  $\frac{3}{5}$  part of an apple and the remaining apple was eaten by her brother Somu. How much part of the apple did Somu eat? Who had the larger share? By how much?

 $\frac{3}{5} > \frac{2}{5}$ 

### **Answer 7:**

The part of an apple eaten by Ritu =  $\frac{3}{5}$ The part of an apple eaten by Somu =  $1 - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{5 - 3}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$ Comparing the parts of apple eaten by both Ritu and Somu Larger share will be more by  $\frac{3}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$  part.

Thus, Ritu's part is  $\frac{1}{5}$  more than Somu's part.



### **Question 8:**

Michael finished colouring a picture in  $\frac{7}{12}$  hour. Vaibhav finished colouring the same picture in  $\frac{3}{4}$  hour. Who worked longer? By what fraction was it longer? **Answer 8:** 

Time taken by Michael to colour the picture =  $\frac{7}{12}$  hour Time taken by Vaibhav to colour the picture =  $\frac{3}{4}$  hour Converting both fractions in like fractions,  $\frac{7}{12}$  and  $\frac{3\times3}{4\times3} = \frac{9}{12}$ Here,  $\frac{7}{12} < \frac{9}{12} \implies \frac{7}{12} < \frac{3}{4}$ Thus, Vaibhav worked longer time. Vaibhav worked longer time by  $\frac{3}{4} - \frac{7}{12} = \frac{9-7}{12} = \frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$  hour. Thus, Vaibhav took  $\frac{1}{6}$  hour more than Michael.



## Exercise 2.2

### **Question 1:** Which of the drawings (*a*) to (*d*) show:



1

### **Question 2:**

Some pictures (a) to (c) are given below. Tell which of them show:



### **Question 3:**

Multiply and reduce to lowest form and convert into a mixed fraction:





### **Answer 3:**

(i) 
$$7 \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{7 \times 3}{5} = \frac{21}{5} = 4\frac{1}{5}$$
  
(ii)  $4 \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4 \times 1}{3} = \frac{4}{3} = 1\frac{1}{3}$   
(iii)  $2 \times \frac{6}{7} = \frac{2 \times 6}{7} = \frac{12}{7} = 1\frac{5}{7}$   
(iv)  $5 \times \frac{2}{9} = \frac{5 \times 2}{9} = \frac{10}{9} = 1\frac{1}{9}$   
(v)  $\frac{2}{3} \times 4 = \frac{2 \times 4}{3} = \frac{8}{3} = 2\frac{2}{3}$   
(vi)  $\frac{5}{2} \times 6 = 5 \times 3 = 15$   
(vii)  $11 \times \frac{4}{7} = \frac{11 \times 4}{7} = \frac{44}{7} = 6\frac{2}{7}$   
(viii)  $20 \times \frac{4}{5} = 4 \times 4 = 16$   
(ix)  $13 \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{13 \times 1}{3} = \frac{13}{3} = 4\frac{1}{3}$   
(x)  $15 \times \frac{3}{5} = 3 \times 3 = 9$   
Question 4:  
Shade:  
(i)  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the circles in box  
(ii)  $\frac{2}{3}$  of the triangles in box  
(iii)  $\frac{3}{5}$  of the squares inbox  
(iii)  $\frac{3}{5}$  of the squares inbox

## **Answer 4:**

(i) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 12 circles  
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times 12 = 6$  circles  
(ii)  $\frac{2}{3}$  of 9 triangles  
 $= \frac{2}{3} \times 9 = 2 \times 3 = 6$  triangles  
(iii)  $\frac{3}{5}$  of 15 squares  
 $= \frac{3}{5} \times 15 \ 3 \times 3 = 9$  squares  
(iii)  $\frac{1}{2}$  of (i) 24 (ii) 46  
(b)  $\frac{2}{3}$  of (i) 18 (ii) 27

## **Question 5:**

Find:

(a) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of (i) 24 (ii) 46  
(c)  $\frac{3}{4}$  of (i) 16 (ii) 36

(b) 
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of (i) 18 (ii) 27  
(d)  $\frac{4}{5}$  of (i) 20 (ii) 35

**Answer 5:** 

(a) (i) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 24 = 12  
(b) (i)  $\frac{2}{3}$  of 18 =  $\frac{2}{3} \times 18 = 2 \times 6 = 12$   
(c) (i)  $\frac{3}{4}$  of 16 =  $\frac{3}{4} \times 16 = 3 \times 4 = 12$ 

(d) (i) 
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 of  $20 = \frac{4}{5} \times 20 = 4 \times 4 = 16$ 

(ii) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 46 = = 23  
(ii)  $\frac{2}{3}$  of 27 =  $\frac{2}{3} \times 27 = 2 \ge 9 = 18$   
(ii)  $\frac{3}{4}$  of 36 =  $\frac{3}{4} \times 36 = 3 \ge 9 = 27$   
(ii)  $\frac{4}{5}$  of 35 =  $\frac{4}{5} \times 35 = 4 \ge 7 = 28$ 



### **Question 6:**

Multiply and express as a mixed fraction:

(a) 
$$3 \times 5\frac{1}{5}$$
 (b)  $5 \times 6\frac{3}{4}$  (c)  $7 \times 2\frac{1}{4}$   
(d)  $4 \times 6\frac{1}{3}$  (e)  $3\frac{1}{4} \times 6$  (f)  $3\frac{2}{5} \times 8$ 

**Answer 6:** 

(a) 
$$3 \times 5\frac{1}{5} = 3 \times \frac{26}{5} = \frac{3 \times 26}{5} = \frac{78}{5} = 15\frac{3}{5}$$
  
(b)  $5 \times 6\frac{3}{4} = 5 \times \frac{27}{4} = \frac{5 \times 27}{4} = \frac{135}{4} = 33\frac{3}{4}$   
(c)  $7 \times 2\frac{1}{4} = 7 \times \frac{9}{4} = \frac{7 \times 9}{4} = \frac{63}{4} = 15\frac{3}{4}$   
(d)  $4 \times 6\frac{1}{3} = 4 \times \frac{19}{3} = \frac{4 \times 19}{3} = \frac{76}{3} = 25\frac{1}{3}$   
(e)  $3\frac{1}{4} \times 6 = \frac{13}{4} \times 6 = \frac{13 \times 3}{2} = \frac{39}{2} = 19\frac{1}{2}$   
(f)  $3\frac{2}{5} \times 8 = \frac{17}{5} \times 8 = \frac{17 \times 8}{5} = \frac{136}{5} = 27\frac{1}{5}$   
stion 7:  
(b)  $\frac{5}{8}$  of (i)  $3\frac{5}{6}$  (ii)  $9\frac{2}{3}$ 

### **Question 7:**

Find:

(a) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of (i)  $2\frac{3}{4}$  (ii)  $4\frac{3}{4}$ 

## **Answer 7:**

(a) (i) 
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of  $2\frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{11}{4} = \frac{11}{8} = 1\frac{3}{8}$   
(ii)  $\frac{1}{2}$  of  $4\frac{2}{9} = \frac{1}{2} \times 4\frac{2}{9} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{38}{9} = \frac{19}{9} = 2\frac{1}{9}$   
(b) (i)  $\frac{5}{8}$  of  $3\frac{5}{6} = \frac{5}{8} \times 3\frac{5}{6} = \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{23}{6} = \frac{115}{48} = 2\frac{19}{48}$   
(ii)  $\frac{5}{8}$  of  $9\frac{2}{3} = \frac{5}{8} \times 9\frac{2}{3} = \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{29}{3} = \frac{145}{24} = 6\frac{1}{24}$ 



### **Question 8:**

Vidya and Pratap went for a picnic. Their mother gave them a water bottle that contained 5 litres of water. Vidya consumed  $\frac{2}{5}$  of the water. Pratap consumed the remaining water.

- How much water did Vidya drink? (i)
- (ii) What fraction of the total quantity of water did Pratap drink?

### **Answer 8:**

Given: Total quantity of water in bottle = 5 litres

Vidya consumed =  $\frac{2}{5}$  of 5 litres =  $\frac{2}{5} \times 5$  = 2 litres (i)

Thus, Vidya drank 2 litres water from the bottle.

(ii) Pratap consumed 
$$= \left(1 - \frac{2}{5}\right)$$
 part of bottle  
 $= \frac{5-2}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$  part of bottle

Pratap consumed  $\frac{3}{5}$  of 5 litres water =  $\frac{3}{5} \times 5 = 3$  litres Thus, Pratap drank  $\frac{3}{5}$  part of the total quantity of water.



### **Question 1:**

Find:

(i)	$\frac{1}{4}$ of	(a) $\frac{1}{4}$	(b) $\frac{3}{5}$	(c) $\frac{4}{3}$
(ii)	$\frac{1}{7}$ of	(a) $\frac{2}{9}$	(b) $\frac{6}{5}$	(c) $\frac{3}{10}$
<b>Answe</b>	r 1:			
(i)	(a)	$\frac{1}{4}$ of $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} =$	$=\frac{1\times 1}{4\times 4}=\frac{1}{16}$	
	(b)	$\frac{1}{4}$ of $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} =$	$=\frac{1\times3}{4\times4}=\frac{3}{16}$	
	(c)	$\frac{1}{4}$ of $\frac{4}{3} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{4}{3} =$	$=\frac{1\times4}{4\times3}=\frac{1}{3}$	Re
(ii)	(a)	$\frac{1}{7}$ of $\frac{2}{9} = \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{2}{9} =$	$=\frac{1\times2}{7\times9}=\frac{2}{63}$	XOY
	(b)	$\frac{1}{7}$ of $\frac{2}{9} = \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{6}{5} =$	$=\frac{1\times 6}{7\times 5}=\frac{6}{35}$	
	(c)	$\frac{1}{7}$ of $\frac{2}{9} = \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{3}{10}$	$=\frac{1\times3}{7\times10}=\frac{3}{70}$	
		ANN R		

### **Question 2:**

Multiply and reduce to lowest form (if possible):

(i) 
$$\frac{2}{3} \times 2\frac{2}{3}$$
 (ii)  $\frac{2}{7} \times \frac{7}{9}$  (iii)  $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{6}{4}$  (iv)  $\frac{9}{5} \times \frac{3}{5}$   
(v)  $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{15}{8}$  (vi)  $\frac{11}{2} \times \frac{3}{10}$  (vii)  $\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{12}{7}$ 

Answer 2:

(i) 
$$\frac{2}{3} \times 2\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{8}{3} = \frac{2 \times 8}{3 \times 3} = \frac{16}{9} = 1\frac{7}{9}$$
  
(ii)  $\frac{2}{7} \times \frac{7}{9} = \frac{2 \times 7}{7 \times 9} = \frac{2}{9}$ 



(iii) 
$$\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3 \times 6}{8 \times 4} = \frac{3 \times 3}{8 \times 2} = \frac{9}{16}$$
  
(iv)  $\frac{9}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{9 \times 3}{5 \times 5} = \frac{27}{25} = 1\frac{2}{25}$   
(v)  $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{15}{8} = \frac{1 \times 15}{3 \times 8} = \frac{1 \times 5}{1 \times 8} = \frac{5}{8}$   
(vi)  $\frac{11}{2} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{11 \times 3}{2 \times 10} = \frac{33}{20} = 1\frac{3}{20}$ 

(vii) 
$$\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{12}{7} = \frac{4 \times 12}{5 \times 7} = \frac{48}{35} = 1\frac{13}{35}$$

### **Question 3:**

Multiply the following fractions:

(vii)	$\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{12}{7} = \frac{4 \times 1}{5 \times 1}$	$\frac{12}{7} = \frac{48}{35} =$	$1\frac{15}{35}$					
						Эľ,		
<b>estion</b> tiply th	<b>3:</b> e following fra	actions:			ppe	•		
(i)	$\frac{2}{5} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$	(ii)	$6\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{7}{9}$	(iii)	$\frac{3}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{3}$	(iv)	$\frac{5}{6} \times 2\frac{3}{7}$	
(v)	$3\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{4}{7}$	(vi)	$2\frac{3}{5}\times3$	(vii)	$3\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{5}$			

$$(v) = \frac{3}{6}$$

## **Answer 3:**

(i)	$\frac{2}{5} \times 5\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{21}{4} = \frac{2 \times 21}{5 \times 4} = \frac{1 \times 21}{5 \times 2} = \frac{21}{10} = 2\frac{1}{10}$
(ii)	$6\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{7}{9} = \frac{32}{5} \times \frac{7}{9} = \frac{32 \times 7}{5 \times 9} = \frac{224}{45} = 4\frac{44}{45}$
(iii)	$\frac{3}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{16}{3} = \frac{48}{6} = 8$
(iv)	$\frac{5}{6} \times 2\frac{3}{7} = \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{17}{7} = \frac{85}{42} = 2\frac{1}{42}$
(v)	$3\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{4}{7} = \frac{17}{7} \times \frac{4}{7} = \frac{68}{35} = 1\frac{33}{35}$
(vi)	$2\frac{3}{5} \times 3 = \frac{13}{5} \times \frac{3}{1} = \frac{13 \times 3}{5 \times 1} = \frac{39}{5} = 7\frac{4}{5}$
(vii)	$3\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{25}{7} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{5 \times 3}{7 \times 1} = \frac{15}{7} = 2\frac{1}{7}$



### **Question 4:**

Which is greater:



### **Question 5:**

Saili plants 4 saplings in a row in her garden. The distance between two adjacent saplings is  $\frac{3}{4}$  m. Find the distance between the first and the last sapling.

### **Answer 5:**

The distance between two adjacent saplings =  $\frac{3}{4}$  m

Saili planted 4 saplings in a row, then number of gap in saplings = 3





Therefore,

The distance between the first and the last saplings =  $3 \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{4}$  m =  $2\frac{1}{4}$  m Thus the distance between the first and the last saplings is  $2\frac{1}{4}$  m.

### **Question 6:**

Lipika reads a book for  $1\frac{3}{4}$  hours everyday. She reads the entire book in 6 days. How many hours in all were required by her to read the book? **Answer 6:** 

Time taken by Lipika to read a book =  $1\frac{3}{4}$  hours.

She reads entire book in 6 days.

Now, total hours taken by her to read the entire book =  $1\frac{3}{4} \times 6$ 

 $=\frac{7}{4} \times 6 = \frac{21}{2} = 10\frac{1}{2}$  hours

Thus, 10 hours were required by her to read the book.

### **Question 7:**

A car runs 16 km using 1 litre of petrol. How much distance will it cover using  $2\frac{3}{4}$  litres

# of petrol? **Answer 7:**

In 1 litre of pertrol, car covers the distance = 16 km In  $2\frac{3}{4}$  litres of petrol, car covers the distance =  $2\frac{3}{4}$  of 16 km =  $\frac{11}{4} \times 16 = 44$  km

Thus, the car will cover 44 km distance.



### **Question 8:**





## Exercise 2.4

### **Question 1:**

Find:

(i)	$12 \div \frac{3}{4}$	(ii)	$14 \div \frac{5}{6}$	(iii)	$8\div\frac{7}{3}$
(iv)	$4 \div \frac{8}{3}$	(v)	$3 \div 2\frac{1}{3}$	(vi)	$5 \div 3\frac{4}{7}$

## **Answer 1:**

(i)	$12 \div \frac{3}{4} = 12 \times \frac{4}{3} = 16$	(ii)	$14 \div \frac{5}{6} = 14 \times \frac{6}{5} = \frac{84}{5} = 16\frac{4}{5}$
(iii)	$8 \div \frac{7}{3} = 8 \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{24}{7} = 3\frac{3}{7}$	(iv)	$4 \div \frac{8}{3} = 4 \times \frac{3}{8} = \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$
(v)	$3 \div 2\frac{1}{3} = 3 \div \frac{7}{3} = 3 \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{9}{7} = 1\frac{2}{7}$	(vi)	$5 \div 3\frac{4}{7} = 5 \div \frac{25}{7} = 5 \times \frac{7}{25} = \frac{7}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$
		X	SK.

### **Question 2:**

Find the reciprocal of each of the following fractions. Classify the reciprocals as proper fraction, improper fractions and whole numbers.

(i)	$\frac{3}{7}$	(ii) $\frac{5}{8}$	(iii) $\frac{9}{7}$	(iv)	$\frac{6}{5}$
(v)	$\frac{12}{7}$	(vi) $\frac{1}{8}$	(vii) $\frac{1}{11}$		
<b>Answer</b>	2:	2			
(i)	Reciprocal of	$\frac{3}{7} = \frac{7}{3}$	$\longrightarrow$ Improper fr	action	
(ii)	Reciprocal of	$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{8}{5}$	$\longrightarrow$ Improper fr	action	
(iii)	Reciprocal of	$\frac{9}{7} = \frac{7}{9}$	$\longrightarrow$ Proper fract	tion	
(iv)	Reciprocal of	$\frac{6}{5} = \frac{5}{6}$	$\longrightarrow$ Proper fract	tion	
(v)	Reciprocal of	$\frac{12}{7} = \frac{7}{12}$	$\longrightarrow$ Proper fra	action	



### **Question 3:**

Find:

(i)	$\frac{7}{3} \div 2$	(ii)	$\frac{4}{9} \div 5$	(iii)	$\frac{6}{13} \div 7$
(iv)	$4\frac{1}{3} \div 3$	(v)	$3\frac{1}{2} \div 4$	(vi)	$4\frac{3}{7}\div7$
nswer 3	3:				
(i)	$\frac{7}{3} \div 2 = \frac{7}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7 \times 1}{3 \times 2} =$	$=\frac{7}{6}=1\frac{1}{6}$		8	
(ii)	$\frac{4}{9} \div 5 = \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{4 \times 1}{9 \times 5} =$	$\frac{4}{45}$	, op		
(iii)	$\frac{6}{13} \div 7 = \frac{6}{13} \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6 \times 1}{13 \times 7}$	$\frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{91}$	an		
(iv) 4	$4\frac{1}{3} \div 3 = \frac{13}{3} \div 3 = \frac{13}{3} \times \frac{1}{3}$	$=\frac{13}{9}=1$	$1\frac{4}{9}$		
(v)	$3\frac{1}{2} \div 4 = \frac{7}{2} \div 4 = \frac{7}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}$	$=\frac{7}{8}$	7		
(vi)	$4\frac{3}{7} \div 7 = \frac{31}{7} \div 7 = \frac{31}{7} \times 7 = 31$	$\frac{1}{7} = \frac{31}{49}$			

### **Question 4:**

Find:

(i) 
$$\frac{2}{5} \div \frac{1}{2}$$
 (ii)  $\frac{4}{9} \div \frac{2}{3}$  (iii)  $\frac{3}{7} \div \frac{8}{7}$   
(iv)  $2\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{3}{5}$  (v)  $3\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{8}{3}$  (vi)  $\frac{2}{5} \div 1\frac{1}{2}$   
(vii)  $3\frac{1}{5} \div 1\frac{2}{3}$  (viii)  $2\frac{1}{5} \div 1\frac{1}{5}$ 



## **Answer 4:**

(i)	$\frac{2}{5} \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{2 \times 2}{5 \times 1} = \frac{4}{5}$
(ii)	$\frac{4}{9} \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{9} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$
(iii)	$\frac{3}{7} \div \frac{8}{7} = \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{7}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$
(iv)	$2\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{3}{5} = \frac{7}{3} \div \frac{3}{5} = \frac{7}{3} \times \frac{5}{3} = \frac{35}{9} = 3\frac{8}{9}$
(v)	$3\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{8}{3} = \frac{7}{2} \div \frac{8}{3} = \frac{7}{2} \times \frac{3}{8} = \frac{7 \times 3}{2 \times 8} = \frac{21}{16} = 1\frac{5}{16}$
(vi)	$\frac{2}{5} \div 1\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{5} \div \frac{3}{2} = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2 \times 2}{5 \times 3} = \frac{4}{15}$
(vii)	$3\frac{1}{5} \div 1\frac{2}{3} = \frac{16}{5} \div \frac{5}{3} = \frac{16}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{16 \times 3}{5 \times 5} = \frac{48}{25} = 1\frac{23}{25}$
(viii)	$2\frac{1}{5} \div 1\frac{1}{5} = \frac{11}{5} \div \frac{6}{5} = \frac{11}{5} \times \frac{5}{6} = \frac{11}{6} = 1\frac{5}{6}$
	dree
	NN.
	S.



## Exercise 2.5





## **Question 3:**

- (i) Express 5 cm in metre and kilometer.
- (ii) Express 35 mm in cm, m and km.

### **Answer 3:**

(i) Express 5 cm in meter and kilometer.

$$\therefore$$
 100 cm = 1 meter

$$\therefore \quad 1 \text{ cm} = \frac{1}{100} \text{ meter}$$
$$\Rightarrow \quad 5 \text{ cm} = \frac{5}{100} = 0.05 \text{ meter}$$

Now,

$$\therefore$$
 1 meter =  $\frac{1}{1000}$  kilometer

$$5 \text{ cm} = \frac{3}{100} = 0.05 \text{ meter.}$$

$$1000 \text{ meters} = 1 \text{ kilometers}$$

$$1 \text{ meter} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ kilometer}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad 0.05 \text{ meter} = \frac{0.05}{1000} = 0.00005 \text{ kilometer}$$

$$s 35 \text{ mm in cm, m and km.}$$

$$10 \text{ mm} = 1 \text{ cm}$$

(ii) Express 35 mm in cm, m and km.  

$$\therefore$$
 10 mm = 1 cm  
 $\therefore$  1 mm =  $\frac{1}{10}$  cm  
 $\Rightarrow$  35 mm =  $\frac{35}{10}$  = 3.5 cm  
Now,  $\because$  100 cm = 1 meter  
 $\therefore$  1 cm =  $\frac{1}{100}$  meter  
 $\Rightarrow$  3.5 cm =  $\frac{3.5}{100}$  = 0.035 meter  
Again,  
 $\because$  1000 meters = 1 kilometers  
 $\therefore$  1 meter =  $\frac{1}{1000}$  kilometer  
 $\Rightarrow$  0.035 meter =  $\frac{0.035}{1000}$  = 0.000035 kilometer



### **Question 4:**

Express in kg.: (i) 200 g (ii) 3470 g (iii) 4 kg 8 g **Answer 4:** Let us consider, 1000 g = 1 kg  $\Rightarrow$  1 g =  $\frac{1}{1000}$  kg  $200 \text{ g} = \left(200 \times \frac{1}{1000}\right) \text{ kg} = 0.2 \text{ kg}$ (i) (ii)  $3470 \text{ g} = \left(3470 \times \frac{1}{1000}\right) \text{ kg} = 3.470 \text{ kg}$ (iii) 4 kg 8 g = 4 kg +  $\left(8 \times \frac{1}{1000}\right)$  kg = 4 kg + 0.008 kg = 4.008 kg **Question 5:** Write the following decimal numbers in the expanded form: 20.03 (i) (ii) 2.03 (iii) 200.03 (iv) 2.034 **Answer 5**:

(i) 
$$20.03 = 2 \times 10 + 0 \times 1 + 0 \times \frac{1}{10} + 3 \times \frac{1}{100}$$

(ii) 
$$2.03 = 2 \times 1 + 0 \times \frac{1}{10} + 3 \times \frac{1}{100}$$

(iii) 
$$200.03 = 2 \times 100 + 0 \times 10 + 0 \times 1 + 0 \times \frac{1}{10} + 3 \times \frac{1}{100}$$

(iv) 
$$2.034 = 2 \times 1 + 0 \times \frac{1}{10} + 3 \times \frac{1}{100} + 4 \times \frac{1}{1000}$$

### **Question 6:**

Write the place value of 2 in the following decimal numbers:

(i)	2.56	(ii)	21.37	(iii)	10.25
(iv)	9.42	(v)	63.352		



### **Answer 6:**

- (i) Place value of 2 in  $2.56 = 2 \times 1 = 2$  ones
- (ii) Place value of 2 in  $21.37 = 2 \times 10 = 2$  tens
- (iii) Place value of 2 in 10.25 =  $2 \times \frac{1}{10}$  = 2 tenths
- (iv) Place value of 2 in 9.42 =  $2 \times \frac{1}{100}$  = 2 hundredth
- (v) Place value of 2 in  $63.352 = 2 \times \frac{1}{1000} = 2$  thousandth

### **Question 7:**

Dinesh went from place A to place B and from there to place C. A is 7.5 km from B and B is 12.7 km from C. Ayub went from place A to place D and from there to place C. D is 9.3 km from A and C is 11.8 km from D. Who travelled more and by how much?



### **Answer 7:**

Distance travelled by Dinesh when he went from place A to place B = 7.5 km and from place B to C = 12.7 km.



Total distance covered by Dinesh = AB + BC= 7.5 + 12.7 = 20.2 km

Total distance covered by Ayub = AD + DC

On comparing the total distance of Ayub and Dinesh,

21.1 km > 20.2 km

Therefore, Ayub covered more distance by 21.1 - 20.2 = 0.9 km = 900 m



### **Question 8:**

Shyam bought 5 kg 300 g apples and 3 kg 250 g mangoes. Sarala bought 4 kg 800 g oranges and 4 kg 150 g bananas. Who bought more fruits?

### **Answer 8:**

Total weight of fruits bought by Shyam = 5 kg 300 g + 3 kg 250 g = 8 kg 550 g Total weight of fruits bought by Sarala = 4 kg 800 g + 4 kg 150 g = 8 kg 950 g

erit

On comparing the quantity of fruits, 8 kg 550 g < 8 kg 950 g Therefore, Sarala bought more fruits.

### **Question 9:**

How much less is 28 km than 42.6 km?

### **Answer 9:**

We have to find the difference of 42.6 km and 28 km. Difference = 42.6 – 28.0 = 14.6 km Therefore 14.6 km less is 28 km than 42.6 km.



## Exercise 2.6

### **Question 1:**

### Find:

(11)	8 x 4.6	(iii)	2.71 x 5
(v)	0.05 x 7	(vi)	211.02 x 4
1.2	(ii)	8 x 4.6 = 36.8	3
13.55	(iv)	20.1 x 4 = 80	.4
0.35	(vi)	211.02 x 4 =	844.08
: 1.72		•	$\mathbf{C}$
	(11) (V) 1.2 13.55 : 0.35 : 1.72	(ii) 8 x 4.6 (v) 0.05 x 7 1.2 (ii) 1.3.55 (iv) 0.35 (vi) 1.72	(i) $8 \times 4.6$ (iii) (v) $0.05 \times 7$ (vi) 1.2 (ii) $8 \times 4.6 = 36.8$ : 13.55 (iv) $20.1 \times 4 = 80$ : 0.35 (vi) $211.02 \times 4 =$ : 1.72

### **Question 2:**

Find the area of rectangle whose length is 5.7 cm and breadth is 3 cm.

### **Answer 2:**

Given: Length of rectangle = 5.7 cm and Breadth of rectangle = 3 cm Area of rectangle = Length x Breadth =  $5.7 \times 3 = 17.1 \text{ cm}^2$ 

Thus, the area of rectangle is 17.1 cm<sup>2</sup>.

### **Question 3:**

Find:

(i)	1.3 x 10	(ii)	36.8 x 10
(iv)	168.07 x 10	(v)	31.1 x 100
(vii)	3.62 x 100	(viii)	43.07 x 100
(x)	0.08 x 10	(xi)	0.9 x 100

### **Answer 3:**

(i)	1.3 x 10 = 13.0
(iii)	$153.7 \times 10 = 1537.0$

- (v)  $31.1 \times 100 = 3110.0$
- (vii) 3.62 x 100 = 362.0
- (ix)  $0.5 \times 10 = 5.0$
- (xi)  $0.9 \ge 100 = 90.0$

- (iii) 153.7 x 10
- (vi) 156.1 x 100
- (ix) 0.5 x 10
- (xii) 0.03 x 1000
- (ii)  $36.8 \times 10 = 368.0$
- (iv) 168.07 x 10 = 1680.7
- (vi) 156.1 x 100 = 15610.0
- (viii) 43.07 x 100 = 4307.0
- (x)  $0.08 \times 10 = 0.80$
- (xii)  $0.03 \times 1000 = 30.0$



### **Question 4:**

A two-wheeler covers a distance of 55.3 km in one litre of petrol. How much distance will it cover in 10 litres of petrol?

### **Answer 4:**

- : In one litre, a two-wheeler covers a distance = 55.3 km
- :. In 10 litres, a two- wheeler covers a distance = 55.3 x 10 = 553.0 km

Thus, 553 km distance will be covered by it in 10 litres of petrol.

### **Question 5:** Find: (i) 2.5 x 0.3 (ii) 0.1 x 51.7 (iii) 0.2 x 316.8 (iv) 1.3 x 3.1 0.5 x 0.05 (vi) 11.2 x 0.15 (v) (vii) 1.07 x 0.02 (viii) 10.05 x 1.05 (ix) 101.01 x 0.01 (x) 100.01 x 1.1 **Answer 5**: $2.5 \ge 0.3 = 0.75$ (ii) $0.1 \ge 51.7 = 5.17$ (i) (iii) $0.2 \ge 316.8 = 63.36$ (iv) $1.3 \ge 3.1 = 4.03$ $0.5 \ge 0.05 = 0.025$ $11.2 \ge 0.15 = 1.680$ (v) (vi) $1.07 \ge 0.02 = 0.0214$ (viii) 10.05 x 1.05 = 10.5525 (vii) $101.01 \ge 0.01 = 1.0101$ $100.01 \ge 1.1 = 110.11$ (ix) (x)



Exercise 2.7

### **Question 1:**

### Find:

(i)	0.4 ÷ 2	(ii)	0.35 ÷ 5	(iii)	2.48 ÷ 4
(iv)	65.4 ÷ 6	(v)	$651.2 \div 4$	(v)	14.49 ÷ 7
(vii)	3.96 ÷ 4	(viii)	0.80 ÷ 5		
East Answer 1:					

(i) 
$$0.4 \div 2 = \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{10} = 0.2$$
  
(ii)  $0.35 \div 5 = \frac{35}{100} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{7}{100} = 0.07$   
(iii)  $2.48 \div 4 = \frac{248}{100} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{62}{100} = 0.62$   
(iv)  $65.4 \div 6 = \frac{654}{10} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{109}{10} = 10.9$   
(v)  $651.2 \div 4 = \frac{6512}{10} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1628}{10} = 162.8$   
(vi)  $14.49 \div 7 = \frac{1449}{100} \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{207}{100} = 2.07$   
(vii)  $3.96 \div 4 = \frac{396}{100} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{99}{100} = 0.99$ 

(vi) 
$$14.49 \div 7 = \frac{1449}{100} \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{207}{100} = 2.0$$
  
396 1 99

(vii) 
$$3.96 \div 4 = \frac{396}{100} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{99}{100} = 0.99$$

(viii) 
$$0.80 \div 5 = \frac{80}{100} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{16}{100} = 0.16$$

### **Question 2:**

### Find:

0.7 ÷ 10 4.8 ÷ 10 52.5 ÷ 10 (i) (ii) (iii) 33.1 ÷ 10 272.23 ÷ 10 0.56 ÷ 10 (iv) (v) (vi) (vii) 3.97 ÷ 10

### **Answer 2:**

(i)	$4.8 \div 10 = \frac{4.8}{10} = 0.48$	(ii)	$52.5 \div 10 = \frac{52.5}{10} = 5.25$
(iii)	$0.7 \div 10 = \frac{0.7}{10} = 0.07$	(iv)	$33.1 \div 10 = \frac{33.1}{10} = 3.31$



(v) 
$$272.23 \div 10 = \frac{272.23}{10} = 27.223$$
 (vi)  $0.56 \div 10 = \frac{0.56}{10} = 0.056$   
(vii)  $3.97 \div 10 = \frac{3.97}{10} = 0.397$ 

## **Question 3:**

Find:

(i)	$2.7 \div 100$	(ii)	$0.3 \div 100$	(iii)	$0.78 \div 100$
(iv)	432.6 ÷ 100	(v)	23.6 ÷ 100	(vi)	98.53 ÷ 100
<b>Answer</b> 3	3:				$\mathbf{C}$
(i)	$2.7 \div 100 = \frac{27}{10} \times \frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{0} = \frac{27}{100}$	${0} = 0.027$	er.	
(ii)	$0.3 \div 100 = \frac{3}{10} \times \frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{3}{1000}$	_ = 0.003	00	
(iii)	$0.78 \div 100 = \frac{78}{100} \times$	$\frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100}$	$\frac{78}{0000} = 0.0078$	) `	
(iv)	$432.6 \div 100 = \frac{4326}{10}$	$\frac{5}{100} \times \frac{1}{100} =$	$=\frac{4326}{1000}=4.326$		
(v)	$23.6 \div 100 = \frac{236}{10} \times$	$\frac{1}{100} = \frac{2}{100}$	$\frac{236}{000} = 0.236$		
(vi)	$98.53 \div 100 = \frac{9853}{100}$	$\frac{3}{100} = \frac{1}{100}$	$=\frac{9853}{10000}$ 0.9853		
	N				

### **Question 4:**

Find:

(i) $7.9 \div 1000$ (ii) $26.3 \div 1000$ (iii) $38.53 \div 1000$ (iv) $128.9 \div 1000$ (v) $0.5 \div 1000$ 

**Answer 4:** 

(i) 
$$7.9 \div 1000 = \frac{79}{10} \times \frac{1}{1000} = \frac{79}{10000} = 0.0079$$
  
(ii)  $26.3 \div 1000 = \frac{263}{10} \times \frac{1}{1000} = \frac{263}{10000} = 0.0263$ 



(iii) 
$$38.53 \div 1000 = \frac{3853}{100} \times \frac{1}{1000} = \frac{3853}{100000} = 0.03853$$
  
(iv)  $128.9 \div 1000 = \frac{1289}{10} \times \frac{1}{1000} = \frac{1289}{10000} = 0.1289$   
(v)  $0.5 \div 1000 = \frac{5}{10} \times \frac{1}{1000} = \frac{5}{10000} = 0.0005$ 

## **Question 5:**

Find:  
(i) 
$$7 \div 3.5$$
 (ii)  $36 \div 0.2$  (iii)  $3.25 \div 0.5$   
(iv)  $30.94 \div 0.7$  (v)  $0.5 \div 0.25$  (vi)  $7.75 \div 0.25$   
(vii)  $76.5 \div 0.15$  (viii)  $37.8 \div 1.4$  (ix)  $2.73 \div 1.3$   
**C. Answer 5:**  
(i)  $7 \div 3.5 = 7 \div \frac{35}{10} = 7 \times \frac{10}{35} = \frac{10}{5} = 2$   
(ii)  $36 \div 0.2 = 36 \div \frac{2}{10} = 36 \times \frac{10}{2} = 18 \times 10 = 180$   
(iii)  $3.25 \div 0.5 = \frac{325}{100} \div \frac{5}{10} = \frac{325}{100} \times \frac{10}{5} = \frac{65}{10} = 6.5$   
(iv)  $30.94 \div 0.7 = \frac{3094}{100} \div \frac{7}{10} = \frac{3094}{100} \times \frac{10}{7} = \frac{442}{10} = 44.2$   
(v)  $0.5 \div 0.25 = \frac{5}{10} \div \frac{25}{100} = \frac{775}{100} \times \frac{100}{25} = \frac{10}{5} = 2$   
(vi)  $7.75 \div 0.25 = \frac{775}{100} \div \frac{25}{100} = \frac{775}{100} \times \frac{100}{25} = 31$   
(vii)  $76.5 \div 0.15 = \frac{765}{10} \div \frac{15}{100} = \frac{765}{10} \times \frac{100}{15} = 51 \times 10 = 510$   
(viii)  $37.8 \div 1.4 = \frac{378}{10} \div \frac{14}{10} = \frac{378}{100} \times \frac{10}{12} = \frac{21}{10} = 2.1$ 

$$2.73 \div 1.3 = \frac{100}{100} \div \frac{1}{10} = \frac{100}{100} \times \frac{1}{13} = \frac{1}{10} = 2$$



### **Question 6:**

A vehicle covers a distance of 43.2 km in 2.4 litres of petrol. How much distance will it cover in one litre petrol?

### **Answer 6:**

- : In 2.4 litres of petrol, distance covered by the vehicle = 43.2 km
- $\therefore$  In 1 litre of petrol, distance covered by the vehicle = 43.2  $\div$  2.4

_	432	24	_ 432	24
_	10	10	$-\frac{10}{10}$	10
=	18 kn	n		

Thus, it covered 18 km distance in one litre of petrol.

