

## P.4 The Seven Ages

by William Shakespeare

1. **What according to you are the stages of a person's life? What characteristics would you associate with each stage? (e.g., childhood: innocence, joy)**
2. **Listen to this extract from Shakespeare's play As You Like It. As you listen, read the poem aloud; you can do this more than once.**

All the world's a stage

And all the men and women merely players:

They have their exits and their entrances;

And one man in his time plays many parts,

- 5 His acts being seven ages. At first the infant,

**Mewling** and **puking** in the nurse's arms.

Then the whining schoolboy, with his **satchel**

And shining morning face, creeping like snail

Unwillingly to school. And then the lover,

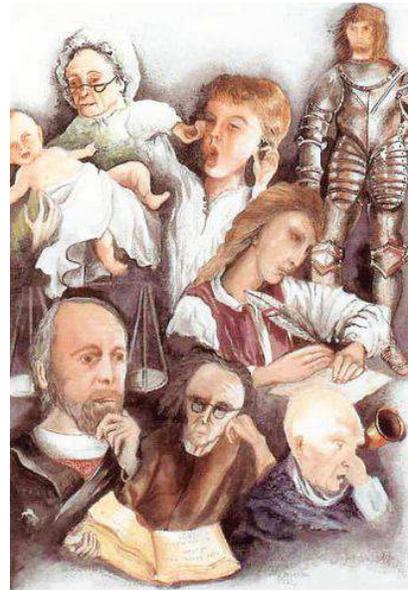
- 10 Sighing like furnace, with a **woeful** ballad

Made to his mistress' eyebrow. Then a soldier.

Full of strange **oaths**, and bearded like the **pard**,

Jealous in honour, sudden and quick in quarrel,

Seeking the bubble reputation.



**mewling:** crying

**puking:** being sick, vomiting

**satchel:** a small bag, for carrying school books

**woeful:** very sad

**oaths:** solemn promises

**pard:** leopard (a symbol of fierceness in Shakespeare's time)

- 15 Even in the **cannon's** mouth. And then the **justice**,  
 In fair round belly with good **capon** lined,  
 With eyes severe and beard of formal cut,  
 Full of wise **saws** and modern instances;  
 And so he plays his part. The sixth age shifts
- 20 Into the lean and **slipperd pantaloon**,  
 With spectacles on nose and **pouch** on side,  
 His youthful hose, well saved, a world too wide  
 For his shrunk **shank**; and his big manly voice,  
 Turning again toward childish **treble**, pipes
- 25 And whistles in his sound. Last scene of all,  
 That ends this strange eventful history,  
 Is second childishness and mere **oblivion**,  
**Sans** teeth, sans eyes, sans taste, sans everything.

### About the Poet

*William Shakespeare (1564-1616) was born in Stratford-upon-Avon. He is considered by many to be the greatest dramatist of all time. He wrote 154 sonnets, two long narrative poems and about three dozen plays. Shakespeare used poetic and dramatic means to create unified aesthetic effects. In verse, he perfected the dramatic blank verse.*

3. **On the basis of your understanding of the poem, answer the following questions by selecting the correct choice**
- (a) All the world's a stage is an extended metaphor for \_\_\_\_\_.
- (i) the life shown in well known plays.
- (ii) seeing the well known plays.

**cannon:** a big gun that fired cannon-balls made of iron

**justice:** judge

**capon:** a male chicken, very big and fat

**saws:** sayings

**slipperd :** wearing slippers (indoor shoes)

**pantaloon:** a vicious old man wearing a loose fitting garment for hips and legs

**pouch:** a soft fold of loose skin that hangs down, as a result of illness or old age

**hose:** tight-fitting leg coverings

**shank:** legs from the knee to the ankle; frame

**treble:** a high voice

**oblivion:** forgetting everything, and being forgotten by everybody

**sans:** (pronounced like sone) a French word meaning without

- (iii) life of well known actors.  
 (iv) life of man that comes to an end.
- (b) All 'have their exits and their entrances'. Exits and entrances refer to \_\_\_\_\_.
- (i) birth and death  
 (ii) beginning and end of play  
 (iii) coming and going of actors  
 (iv) death and birth
- (c) The seven roles that a man plays correspond to his
- (i) chronological age in life  
 (ii) desires  
 (iii) mental development through life  
 (iv) idea of a perfect life

4. **Having read this extract, identify the stages of a person's life as Shakespeare has done. Write down these stages in your note book, and sum up the characteristics of each stage in two or three words. e.g.**

Stage	Characteristic feature
infancy	crying

5. **Work individually, and rank the seven stages in order of attractiveness. If you think being a schoolboy is most attractive stage, you could rank it number 1. Then, work in groups of four and compare your individual rankings.**
6. **Read the given lines and answer the questions that follow by selecting the correct option.**

- (a) *All the world's a stage*

*And all the men and women merely players:*

*They have their exits and their entrances;*

*And one man in his time plays many parts,*

*His acts being seven ages.*

1. *And one man in his time plays many parts.....*

Replace the underlined word with the correct option which has the same meaning as used in the given lines.

- A. scenes  
 B. roles  
 C. jobs.  
 D. tasks.



7. **You already know the two literary devices generally used by writers and poets for comparison, i.e. metaphor and simile. e.g.**

- a) He was a lion in the battle. (metaphor)  
 b) He fought like a lion. (simile)

In (a) the writer talks of the soldier in terms of a lion. The comparison is implied. In (b) the writer compares the soldier to a lion with the use of the word like, (as may also be used for such comparisons).

Read the poem again and note down the metaphors and similes. Complete the following chart.

Reference	Metaphor	Simile
world	all the world's a stage	
men, women		
school-boy		
lover		
soldier		
reputation		
voice		

Which comparison(s) do you find most interesting? Why?

8. **In this poem, life is being compared to a play. Just as in a play, a man acts many parts, so also in life, a man plays many roles. Can you think of some other comparison for life? (For example, life could be compared with the seasons in nature, the days of the week, the lessons in a school day.) Select one of these comparisons (or choose one of your own), and write about the similarities that life has with it. (80-100 words)**
9. **Your teacher will select seven readers and seven "mimers," one pair for each of Shakespeare's seven ages. At the start of the reading, all seven "mimers" stand in front of the class and the readers are at their desks. For each age, the reader stands up and reads, while the corresponding "mimer" mimes what is being read.**