

SOCIAL SCIENCE

CONTEMPORARY INDIA-I

TEXTBOOK IN GEOGRAPHY FOR CLASS IX



0968



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**OFFICES OF THE PUBLICATION
 DIVISION, NCERT**

NCERT Campus
 Sri Aurobindo Marg
New Delhi 110 016 Phone : 011-26562708

108, 100 Feet Road
 Hosdakere Halli Extension
 Banashankari III Stage
Bengaluru 560 085 Phone : 080-26725740

Navjivan Trust Building
 P.O. Navjivan
Ahmedabad 380 014 Phone : 079-27541446

CWC Campus
 Opp. Dhankal Bus Stop
 Panihati
Kolkata 700 114 Phone : 033-25530454

CWC Complex
 Maligaon
Guwahati 781 021 Phone : 0361-2674869

Publication Team

Head, Publication Division : *Anup Kumar Rajput*
 Chief Production Officer : *Arun Chitkara*
 Chief Business Manager : *Vipin Dewan*
 Chief Editor (In charge) : *Bijnan Sutar*
 Editor : *Benoy Banerjee*
 Production Assistant : *Prakash Veer Singh*

Cover

Sarita Verma Mathur

Illustrations

Sarita Verma Mathur
 Praveen Mishra
 Anil Sharma

Cartography

Cartographic
 Designs Agency
 Praveen Mishra

FOREWORD

The National Curriculum Framework, (NCF) 2005, recommends that children's life at school must be linked to their life outside the school. This principle marks a departure from the legacy of bookish learning which continues to shape our system and causes a gap between the school, home and community. The syllabi and textbooks developed on the basis of NCF signify an attempt to implement this basic idea. They also attempt to discourage rote learning and the maintenance of sharp boundaries between different subject areas. We hope these measures will take us significantly further in the direction of a child-centred system of education outlined in the National Policy on Education (1986).

The success of this effort depends on the steps that school principals and teachers will take to encourage children to reflect on their own learning and to pursue imaginative activities and questions. We must recognise that, given space, time and freedom, children generate new knowledge by engaging with the information passed on to them by adults. Treating the prescribed textbook as the sole basis of examination is one of the key reasons why other resources and sites of learning are ignored. Including creativity and initiative is possible if we perceive and treat children as participants in learning, not as receivers of a fixed body of knowledge.

These aims imply considerable change in school routines and mode of functioning. Flexibility in the daily time-table is as necessary as rigour in implementing the annual calendar so that the required number of teaching days are actually devoted to teaching. The methods used for teaching and evaluation will also determine how effective this textbook proves for making children's life at school a happy experience, rather than a source of stress or boredom. Syllabus designers have tried to address the problem of curricular burden by restructuring and reorienting knowledge at different stages with greater consideration for child psychology and the time available for teaching. The textbook attempts to enhance this endeavour by giving higher priority and space to opportunities for contemplation and wondering, discussion in small groups, and activities requiring hands-on experience.

The National Council of Educational Research and Training (NCERT) appreciates the hard work done by the textbook development committee responsible for this book. We wish to thank the Chairperson of the advisory group in Social Sciences, Professor Hari Vasudevan and the Chief Advisor for this book, Professor M. H. Qureshi for guiding the work of this committee. Several teachers contributed to the development of this textbook; we are grateful to their principals for making this possible. We are indebted to the institutions and organisations which have generously permitted us to draw upon their resources, material and personnel. We are especially grateful to the members

of the National Monitoring Committee, appointed by the Department of Secondary and Higher Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development under the Chairpersonship of Professor Mrinal Miri and Professor G.P. Deshpande, for their valuable time and contribution. As an organisation committed to systemic reform and continuous improvement in the quality of its products, NCERT welcomes comments and suggestions which will enable us to undertake further revision and refinement.

New Delhi
20 December 2005

Director
National Council of Educational
Research and Training

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RATIONALISATION OF CONTENT IN THE TEXTBOOKS

In view of the COVID-19 pandemic, it is imperative to reduce content load on students. The National Education Policy 2020, also emphasises reducing the content load and providing opportunities for experiential learning with creative mindset. In this background, the NCERT has undertaken the exercise to rationalise the textbooks across all classes. Learning Outcomes already developed by the NCERT across classes have been taken into consideration in this exercise.

Contents of the textbooks have been rationalised in view of the following:

- Overlapping with similar content included in other subject areas in the same class
- Similar content included in the lower or higher class in the same subject
- Difficulty level
- Content, which is easily accessible to students without much interventions from teachers and can be learned by children through self-learning or peer-learning
- Content, which is irrelevant in the present context

This present edition, is a reformatted version after carrying out the changes given above.

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TEXTBOOK DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

CHAIRPERSON, ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR TEXTBOOKS IN SOCIAL SCIENCE AT THE SECONDARY LEVEL

Hari Vasudevan, *Professor*, Department of History, University of Calcutta, Kolkata

CHIEF ADVISOR

M. H. Qureshi, *Professor*, CSRD, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi

MEMBERS

K. Jaya, *PGT*, Convent of Jesus and Mary, Bangla Sahib Road, New Delhi

Punam Behari, *Reader*, Miranda House, Chhatra Marg, University of Delhi, Delhi

Saroj Sharma, *TGT (Retd.)*, Mother's International School, Sri Aurobindo Marg, New Delhi

Sudeshna Bhattacharya, *Reader*, Miranda House, Chhatra Marg, University of Delhi, Delhi

MEMBER-COORDINATOR

Tannu Malik, *Lecturer*, DESSH, NCERT, New Delhi

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M.H. Qureshi, *Professor*, CSRD, JNU, for Figure 2.5; ITDC/Ministry of Tourism, Government of India for Figures 2.4, 2.6, 2.7, 3.5 and pictures of river, migratory birds and a picture of montane forests on pages 23, 48 and 51 respectively, picture of desert on Cover I, picture of clouds on Cover IV; cross-section interactive for a picture of lions on page 48; Tourism of Andaman and Nicobar, Government of India for Figure 2.9; Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India for Figures 2.3, 3.6, picture of corals on page 15 and picture of forest on Cover I; Photo Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Government of India for Figure 2.8; *Business Line* for Figure 3.2; and *Hindustan Times*, New Delhi, for news in two collages given on pages 38 and 50.

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The following are applicable to all the maps of India used in this book

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1. The responsibility for the correctness of internal details rests with the publisher.
2. The territorial waters of India extend into the sea to a distance of twelve nautical miles measured from the appropriate base line.
3. The administrative headquarters of Chandigarh, Haryana and Punjab are at Chandigarh.
4. The interstate boundaries amongst Arunachal Pradesh, Assam and Meghalaya shown on this map are as interpreted from the 'North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971,' but have yet to be verified.
5. The external boundaries and coastlines of India agree with the Record/Master Copy certified by Survey of India.
6. The state boundaries between Uttaranchal and Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and Jharkhand, and Chhattisgarh and Madhya Pradesh have not been verified by the Governments concerned.
7. The spellings of names in this map have been taken from various sources.

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CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

Part III (Articles 12 – 35)

(Subject to certain conditions, some exceptions
and reasonable restrictions)

guarantees these

Fundamental Rights

Right to Equality

- before law and equal protection of laws;
- irrespective of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth;
- of opportunity in public employment;
- by abolition of untouchability and titles.

Right to Freedom

- of expression, assembly, association, movement, residence and profession;
- of certain protections in respect of conviction for offences;
- of protection of life and personal liberty;
- of free and compulsory education for children between the age of six and fourteen years;
- of protection against arrest and detention in certain cases.

Right against Exploitation

- for prohibition of traffic in human beings and forced labour;
- for prohibition of employment of children in hazardous jobs.

Right to Freedom of Religion

- freedom of conscience and free profession, practice and propagation of religion;
- freedom to manage religious affairs;
- freedom as to payment of taxes for promotion of any particular religion;
- freedom as to attendance at religious instruction or religious worship in educational institutions wholly maintained by the State.

Cultural and Educational Rights

- for protection of interests of minorities to conserve their language, script and culture;
- for minorities to establish and administer educational institutions of their choice.

Right to Constitutional Remedies

- by issuance of directions or orders or writs by the Supreme Court and High Courts for enforcement of these Fundamental Rights.

