









- ix) Time line refer to the text book Page No. 48
- x) Key Words

Mesopotamia, Cuneiform, Syllable, Steles, Nuclear Family.

Model Questions

[2 marks Questions]

- 1. Write the meaning of Mesopotamia and its importance in world history.
- 2. Why did the writing begin with its visible sign. & in Mesopotamia?
- 3. Write the two major necessities for urbanisation,
- 4. Name the tour major cities of Mesopotamia.
- 5. Mention the two major Mesopotamian legacy.

5 Marks Qs.

- 1. 'Iraq is a land of diverse environments' Illustrate.
- 2. Mention the significance of Urbanism in Meropotamia.
- 3. Compair the one of the earliest cities 'Ur' with Indian town Mohenjodaro.
- 4. Mention the importance of the palace at Mari of king Zimrilim (1810 1760 BCE)
- 5. Why would the early temple have been much like a house?

10 Marks Qs.

- 1. 'After 2000 BCE the royal capital of Mari flourised' Justify'
- 2. Discuss the greatest legacy of Mesopotamia to the world in scholarly tradition of time reckoning and mathematics.

Passage - based questions :

- 1. The warka Head refer to the text book Page 32
- 2. The Place at Mari of King Zimrilim (1810 1760 ACE) refer to the text book page 43
- 1.a) When was Warka Head sculpted and with what material? [2]
 - b) Write any three special features of this sculpture.
- [8]

c) Do you think that city life is possible without use of metals?

[1]

- d) 'The division of labour is a mark of urban life' Comment.
- 2. a) When was the royal city capital of Mari flourished?

[1]

b) Why was 'the royal capital of Mari too much famous in its time?

[3]

c) How were the large, open courtyards so beautifully paved?

[2]

d) Mention the plan of the palace maintained by the King Zimrilim.

Map Work:

1. Locate on the given outline map of world the following:

[5]

- a) U
- b) Uruk
- c) Babylon
- d) Persian Gulf
- 2. Locate on the given outline map of the world the following places:
 - a) Nineveh
 - b) Assur
 - c) Mari
 - d) Baghdad
 - e) Babylon

Model Questions with answer

1. Write the meaning of Mesopotamia and its importance in world history.

Ans.

- * Meaning Land between two rivers Euphrates Tigris
- City life began is Mesopotamia.
- * That is now part of the Republic of Iraq.
- * Mesopotamia civilisation is known for its prosperity, city life, voluminous and rich literature, Mathematics and astronomy.
- * It's Writing system and literature spread to the eastern Mediterranean, northern Syria and Turkey after 2000 BCE.

5 Marks Question:

- Q 'Iraq is a land of diverse environments' Illustrate.
 - * North east lie green undulating plains, gradeally rising to tree covered mountain ranges with clean streams and wild flowers, with enough rainfall to grow crops.
 - * In North There is a stretch of upland called a steppe where animals' herding offers people a better livilihood than agriculture.
 - In the east tributaries of the Tigris provide routes of communication into mountains of Iran
 - * The South is a desert t he place with the first cities and writing emerged. [five relevant points must]

10 Marks Question

- 1. Discuss the greatest legacy of Mesopotamia to the world in scholarly tradition of time reckoning and mathematics.
 - * Tradition of time

- Division of years
- Division of Months
- Division of Weeks
- Division of Days
- Division of Hours
- **Division of Minutes**
- Division of Seconds
- 2. Recorder of Modern world Phenomenon past
 - Writing use of writing, system of writing
 - Writing and cities and trade.
- Mathematics: II.
 - Tablets with multiplication and division
 - Square
 - Square routes tables
 - Table of compound interest
 - Problems regarding
 - a field of area
- WWW. GRANICOPPER. III Volume of water [10 relevant points to be given]

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